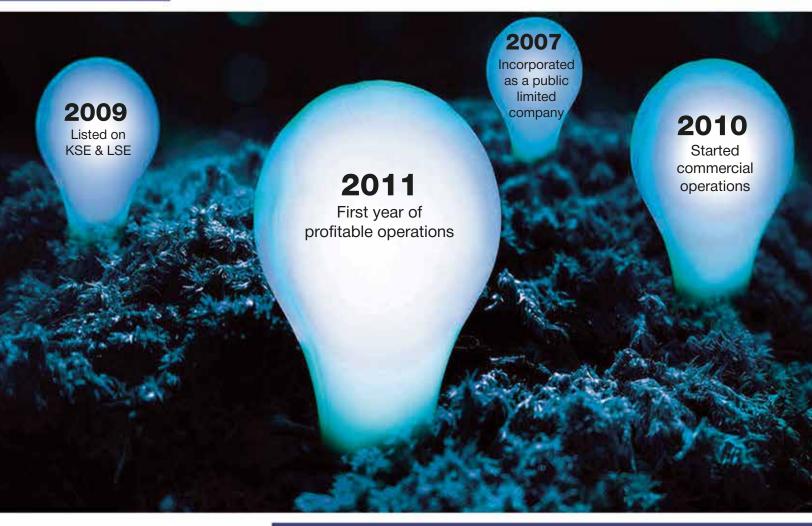


and the state of t

**Annual Report** 

# BRIEF PROFILE





# Contents

Company Information	04
Notice of Annual General Meeting	06
Chairman's Review Report	11
Directors' Report	13
Financial Highlights	22
Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance	23
Independent Auditor's Review Report on Code of Corporate Governance	26
Independent Auditor's Report	27
Statement of Financial Position	32
Statement of Profit or Loss	34
Statement of Comprehensive Income	35
Statement of Changes in Equity	36
Statement of Cash Flows	37
Notes to the Financial Statements	38
Pattern of Shareholding	83
Forms	87

# Company Information

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS:** 

Mr. Muhammad Ashraf

Chairman

Mr. Farrukh Ifzal

Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Aftab Ahmad Khan (Resigned on 29-05-2023)

Director

Mr. Muhammad Azam

Director

Mr. Babar Ali Khan

Director

Mr. Rehmat Naveed Elahi

Director

Mr. Mustageem Talish

Director

Ms. Samina Aslam (Resigned on 29-08-2023)

Director

Sheikh Muhammad Iqbal (Appointed on 21-08-2023)

Director

**AUDIT COMMITTEE AND HR & R** 

COMMITTEE:

Mr. Muhammad Azam

Chairman

Mr. Aftab Ahmad Khan (Resigned on 29-05-2023)

Director

Mr. Rehmat Naveed Elahi

Member

Sheikh Muhammad Iqbal (Appointed on 21-08-2023)

Member

**CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER:** 

**CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER:** 

**COMPANY SECRETARY:** 

Mr. Farrukh Ifzal

Mr. Muhammad Bilal

Mr. Syed Tasawar Hussain

**BANKERS TO THE COMPANY:** 

Al Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Allied Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited

BankIslami Pakistan Limited

Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited

Habib Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

MCB Bank Limited

MCB Islamic Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited

National Bank of Pakistan

Pak Oman Investment Company Limited Pak Libya Holding Company Limited

The Bank of Punjab United Bank Limited

**AUDITORS:** 

Riaz Ahmad & Co. Chartered Accountants

**LEGAL ADVISERS:** 

Ahmad & Pansota
Advocates & Solicitors

**REGISTERED & HEAD OFFICE:** 

31-Q, Gulberg II, Lahore, Pakistan.

Ph: 042-35761730 Fax: 042-35878696-97 www.nishat.net

**SHARE REGISTRAR:** 

Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Limited

1st Floor, H.M. House 7 - Bank Square, Lahore

Ph: 042-37235081-2 Fax: 042-37358817

**PLANT:** 

66-Km, Multan Raod, Pattoki Kasur.

# Notice of Annual General Meeting



Notice is hereby given that the 16<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of Nishat Chunian Power Limited (the "Company") will be held on Monday, September 25, 2023 at 10:00 AM at Registered Office, 31-Q, Gulberg – II, Lahore to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the 15th Annual General Meeting held on September 06, 2022.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30 2023 together with Chairman Review, Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon.
- 3. To appoint auditors for the year ending June 30, 2024, and to fix their remuneration. The present Auditors M/s Riaz Ahmad & Company, Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible offer themselves for reappointment.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board

Syed Tasawar Hussain Company Secretary

Lahore Dated: September 04, 2023

#### **NOTES:**

#### 1. Closure of Share Transfer Books

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from September 18, 2023 to September 25, 2023 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the office of Share Registrar, M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd., H.M. House 7-Bank Square, The Mall, Lahore by the close of business on September 17, 2023 will be considered in time to attend and vote at the meeting.

#### 2. Participation in the Annual General Meeting

A member eligible to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint any other member as a proxy to attend and vote in the meeting. The proxy must be received at the Registered Office of the Company duly stamped and signed not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting.

CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

#### A. For Attending the Meeting:

- i. In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- ii. In the case of a corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the meeting.

#### B. For Appointing Proxies:

- i. In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- ii. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses, and CNIC Numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- iii. Attested copies of CNIC or Passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iv. The proxy shall produce his / her original CNIC or original Passport at the time of the meeting.
- v. In the case of a corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

#### 3. Video Conference Facility

- i. In terms of the Companies Act, 2017, members residing in a city holding at least 10% of the total paid-up share capital may demand the facility of video-link for participating in the annual general meeting. The request for a video-link facility shall be received by the Share Registrar at the address given hereinabove at least 7 days prior to the date of the meeting.
- ii. In compliance with the guidelines issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide circulars No. 6 of 2021 issued on March 03, 2021 the company has arranged a video link facility for shareholders to participate in the meeting through their smartphones or computer devices from their homes or any convenient location after completing meeting attendance formalities. Shareholders interested in attending the meeting through video link are requested to register by submitting their following particulars at the Company Secretary's email (tasawar@nishat.net) not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting. The link to participate in the meeting will be sent to the shareholders on the email address provided by them. Shareholders are requested to fill the particulars as per the below table:

ame of reholder	CNIC No.	Folio / CDC Account No.	No. of Shares held	Cell No.	Email address

The login facility will be opened at 10:00 a.m. on September 25, 2023 enabling the participants to join the proceedings.

#### 4. Circulation of Annual reports through Digital Storage

Pursuant to the SECP's notification S.R.O 471(I)/2016 dated 31st May 2016, the shareholders of Nishat Chunian Power Limited in its 9th AGM of the Company had accorded their consent for the transmission of annual reports including audited annual accounts, notices of AGM, and other information contained therein of the Company through a CD/DVD/USB instead of transmitting the same in hard copies. The shareholders who wish to receive hard copies of the aforesaid documents may send to the Company Secretary / Share registrar, the standard request form provided in the annual report and is also available on the Company's website and the Company will provide the aforesaid documents to the shareholders on demand, free of cost, within one week of such demand. The shareholders who also intend to receive the annual report including the notice of meetings via email are requested to provide their written consent on the standard request form provided in the annual report and also available on the Company's website.

#### 5. Submission of Copy of CNIC (Mandatory)

Individuals including all joint holders holding physical share certificates are requested to submit a copy of their valid CNIC to the Company's Share Registrar. All shareholders are once again requested to send a copy of their valid CNIC to our Share Registrar, Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd, 7-Bank Square, Lahore. The Shareholders while sending CNIC must quote their respective folio numbers and name of the Company.

### 6. Change of Address

Members are requested to notify any change in their addresses immediately. Shareholders are requested to provide above mentioned information/documents to (i) respective Central Depository System (CDS) Participants and (ii) in case of physical securities to the Share Registrar of the Company.

#### 7. Conversion of Physical Shares into CDS

In compliance with the requirements of Section 72 of the Companies Act, every existing listed company shall be required to replace his/her physical shares with bookentry form in a manner as may be specified and from the date notified by the SECP, within a period not exceeding four years from the commencement of the Companies Act, that is, May 30, 2017.

Members having physical share certificates are requested to convert their shares from physical form into book entry form as early as possible. It would facilitate the Members in many ways including safe custody of shares, no loss of shares, avoidance of formalities required for issuance of duplicate shares and readily available for sale and purchase in open market at better rates.

#### 8. Payment of Cash Dividend through Electronic Mode

The provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 require listed companies that dividend payable in cash is only to be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholder.

Accordingly, the shareholders holding shares in CDC are requested to provide complete bank account details to their respective CDS participants for updating and forwarding to the ompany. Shareholders holding physical shares are requested to provide the Company's Share Registrar at the address given herein above, electronic dividend mandate on E-Dividend Form provided in the annual report and also available on the Company's website.

Members are requested to submit a declaration (CZ-50) as per Zakat & Usher Ordinance 1980, for Zakat exemption.

# نشاط چونیاں پاورلمیٹٹر اطلاع برائے سالانداجلاس عام

بذر یعینوٹس ہذامطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ نشاط چونیاں پاورلمیٹٹر (\* سمپنی\*) کےشیئر ہولڈرز کا 16 واں سالا نہا جلاسِ عام 25 سمبر، 2023 کوشیح 10 بجے کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ آفس، Q-31، گلبرگ-II، لا ہور میں ہوگا اورمندرجہ ذیل امور طے پائیں گے؛

### عام امور:

- کومنعقدہ 15 ویں سالا نیا جلاس عام کے منٹس کی تصدیق کرنا۔
- ۲) 30 جون 2023 کوشتم ہوئے سال کے لئے تمینی کے محاسب شدہ مالی حسابات اوران پرڈائر یکٹرزاور آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹس کی موصولی ان پرغور کرنااورا پنانے کے لئے منظوری وینا۔
- ۳) 30 جون 2024 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے محاسب کی تقر ری اوران کا معاوضہ طے کرنا۔ موجودہ محاسب میسرز ریاض احمدایٹڈ ممپنی ، چارٹرڈ اکا وَنشف ، ریٹائر ہونے کے بعد اہل ہونے کے بنا پرخود کو دوبارہ تقر ری کے لئے پیش کرتے ہیں۔
  - ۳) چیئر مین کی اجازت ہے کسی دوسرے امر کا طے کرنا۔

بحکم بورڈ۔ سیدتصور حسین سمپنی سیریٹری

لاجور

مورخه: 04 ستمبر، 2023

# نوش:

# ا) حصص منتقلی کی کتابوں کی بندش

کمپنی کی تصص منتقلی کی کتابیں 18 ستمبر 2023 سے 25 ستمبر 2023 تک (بشمول دونوں دن) بندر ہیں گی۔وہ مثقلیاں، جو کمپنی کےشیئر رجٹر اربمیسرز حمید مجیدایسوی ایٹ المیشڈ،اپنج ایم ہاؤس،7۔ بینک سکوائز،الا ہورکو 17 ستمبر 2023 تک کاروبار کے اختقام تک موصول ہوں گی وہی نذکورہ اجلاس میں شرکت اورووٹ ڈالنے کے لئے بروقت تصور ہوں گی۔

## ٢) سالانه عام اجلاس مين شركت

اس اجلاس میں شرکت اورووٹ ڈا کنے کا اہل ممبرا جلاس میں شرکت اورووٹ ڈالنے کے لئے کسی دوسر ہے مبر کو پرائسی کے طور پرمقرر کرسکتا ہے۔ پرائسی (مہراورو پیخط شدہ) کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ آفس پر 48 گھنٹے قبل موصول ہونا ضروری ہے۔

ى ۋى ي ا كا ؤنٹ بولڈرز كومزيد كيورشزاينڈا كيچينج كميش آف پاكستان كى جارى كرده بدايات پرعمل كرنا ہوگا۔

### ا) میٹنگ میں شرکت کے لئے:

(i) افراد کی صورت میں،اکاؤنٹ ہولڈریاذیلی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈراور/یاوہ کھخص جس کی سیکیورٹیز گروپ اکاؤنٹ میں ہیں اوران کی رجٹریشن کی تفصیلات ضابطے کےمطابق اپ اوڈ کی جاتی ہیں،وہ اجلاس میں شرکت کےوقت اپنی شناخت (کمپیوٹرائز ڈقومی شاختی کارڈ (CNIC)یااصل یاسپورٹ) کی تصدیق کرےگا۔

(ii) کار پوریٹ اینٹیٹی کیصورت میں،اجلاس کےوقت بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرارداد/ پاورآف اٹار نی برائے نامزد شخص کےنمونہ دستخط کےساتھ پیش کیا جائے گا (جب تک کہ یہ پہلے فراہم نہیں کیا گیاہو)۔

# ب) پرائسی تقرری کے گئے:

- (i) افراد کی صورت میں ،اکا ؤنٹ ہولڈریاسب اکا ؤنٹ ہولڈراور/یا وہ خض جس کی سکیورٹیز گروپ اکا ؤنٹ میں ہیں اوران کی رجٹریشن کی تفصیلات ضابطے کے مطابق اپ لوڈ کی جاتی ہیں ، مندرجہ بالاضرورت کےمطابق برائسی فارم جمع کروائمیں۔
  - (ii) پراکسی فارم کی تصدیق دوافرادکریں محجن کے نام، ہے اور CNIC نمبرز کا فارم پرذ کر کیا جائے گا۔
  - (iii) بیلیفشل اونرک می این آئی می یا پاسپورٹ کی تصدیق شدہ کا پیاں پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ پیش کی جائیں گی۔
    - (iv) ملا قات کے وقت پر اکسی اپنااصلی CNIC یا اصل پاسپورٹ مہیا کرے گا۔



(v) کار پوریٹ اینٹیٹی کی صورت میں پراکسی فارم، بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی ریز ولوٹن/ پاورآف اٹارنی کے ساتھ نموند دستخط (جب تک کدیہ پہلے فرا ہم نہیں کیا گیا ہو) کمپنی کے کوجمع کرایا جائے گا۔ ۳) ویڈ **لوکا نفرنس کی سہولت** 

(i)۔ کمپنیزا یکٹ،2017 کےمطابق،شہر میں رہنے والےممبران جو کم ہے کم 10 فیصد تھے ہیں،سالا نہ عام اجلاس میں شرکت کے لئے ویڈیولنک کی سہولت کامطالبہ کر سکتے ہیں۔ویڈیولنک سہولت کے لئے درخواست شیئر رجٹرار کے ذریعہا جلاس کے تاریخ ہے کم از کم 7 دن پہلے یہاں دیئے گئے بیتے پرموصول ہوگی۔

(ii)۔ سیکوریٹیز اینڈ ایکیچنج نمیشن آف پاکستان کی جانب سے 03 مارچ 2021 کو جارٹی کردہ 2021 کے سرکلرنمبر 6 کی رہنمائی کا قبیل میں ، کمپنی نے شئیر ہولڈرز کوا جلاس کی کاروائی میں شرکت کے لیے اپنے سارٹ فونزیا کمپیوٹر آلات کے ذریعے اپنے گھروں یاکسی بھی مناسب جگہ سے حاضری کے نقاضے پورے کرنے کے بعد میٹنگ میں شرکت کے لیے ویڈیولنگ کی سہولت کا اہتمام کیا ہے۔ ویڈیولنگ کے ذریعے سے اجلاس میں شرکت کے خواہشمند تھے داران سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اجلاس کے منعقد ہونے سے 48 گھنے قبل کمپنی سیکریٹری کے ای میل ایڈریس ویڈیولنگ کے ذریعے سے اجلاس میں شرکت کے خواہشمند تھے کہ وائیں۔ اجلاس میں شریعہ ہونے کا لئک شیئر ہولڈرزکوان کے فراہم کردہ ای میل ایڈریس پرارسال کردیا جائے گا۔

حصص یافتگان گرارش ہے کہ وہ نیچ دیے گئے جدول کے مطابق تفصیلات کو پر کریں:

إى ميل	موبائل نمبر	تعدادشيئر	فوليو/ى ڈى ي ا كاؤنٹ نمبر	قومی شناختی کار ڈنمبر	شيئر ہولڈر کا نام

لاگ ان کی سہولت 25 ستمبر 2023 کوشیج 10 بجے کھولی جائے گی جوشر کا اوکاروائی میں شمولیت کے قابل بنائے گی۔

# ۴ جیٹل اسٹوری کے ذریعہ سالاندر یورٹس کی ترسیل

الیں ای پی کے نوٹیفکیشن ایس آراو 471 (1)/ 2016 مورخہ 31 مگن، 2016 کے مطابق ، کمپنی کے 9ویں سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام میں نشاط چونیاں پاور کمیٹیڈ کے صف داروں نے محاسب شدہ سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام میں نشاط چونیاں پاور کمیٹیڈ کے صف داروں نے محاسب شدہ سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام کے نوٹس سیت سالا نہ رپورٹ ، اور دیگر معلومات کی ترسل ہارڈ کا پیوں کے بجائے ہی ڈی کی وی ڈی کر بوالیں بی کے ذریعے کرنے کے لئے اپنی رضامندی دی تھی وہ صف یافت گان جو نہ کورہ درخواست فارم کمپنی سیکر پیٹری کر شیئر رجٹر ارکو بھیج سے جین ، یہ فارم کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر محمد دستاویز است میں مورٹ کے اندر بلامعاوضہ یہ دستاویز است تھی میں افت گان کو فراہم کرے گی ۔ جوصف یافت گان بید ستاویز است میں مورٹ کے اندر بلامعاوضہ یہ دستاویز است تھی میں اندی کی ویب سائٹ پر بھی دستیاب ہے۔
کم درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ سالا نہ رپورٹ میں فراہم کر دہ درخواست فارم پراپئی تحریری رضامندی فراہم کریں۔ یہ فارم کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر بھی دستیاب ہے۔

# ۵) شاختی کارڈ کی کا پی جمع کروانا (لازمی)

مادی شیئرسر شیقکیٹ رکھنے والے تمام افرادیشمول مشتر کہ ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ ووا پنی CNIC کی ایک کا پی کمپنی یا کمپنی کے شیئر رجشرار کوچیش کریں۔

تمام صص یافتگان سے ایک بار پھر درخواست کی گئی ہے کہ وہ اپنی CNIC کی کا پی ہمارے شیئر رجٹر ار،حمید مجیدایسوی ایڈس(پرائیوٹ) کمیٹٹر،7- بینک اسکوائر، لا ہورکو بھیجیس ہی این آئی ہی بھیجتے وقت حصص یافتگان کا اپنے متعلقہ فولیونمبر اور کمپنی کا نام درج کر ناضر وری ہے۔

# ۲) ہے کی تبدیلی

ممبران سے گزارش ہے کہ وہ اپنے بیتے میں کوئی تبدیلی فوری طور پرمطلع کریں۔صفص یافتگان سے درخواست کی گئی ہے کہ وہ مندرجہ بالامعلومات/ دستاویزات(i) متعلقہ منٹرل ڈپازٹری نظام (سی ڈی ایس) کے شرکا ءکوفراہم کریں اور (ii) مادی سیکیورٹیز کی صورت میں کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکومہیا کریں۔

## ا مادی صص کوی ڈی ایس میں تبدیل کرنا

کمپنیزا یکٹ کے سیشن 72 کے نقاضوں کے مطابق ، ہرموجودہ المفر کمپنی کواس کے مادی حصص کو بک انٹری فارم کے ساتھ اس انداز میں تبدیل کرنے کی ضرورت ہوگی جو کہ ایس ای پی کی طرف سے خصوص کردہ ہو بلکہ مطلع کردہ تاریخ میں بھی ہواوروہ تاریخ کمپنیزا یکٹ کے لاگوہونے یعنی کہ 30 مئی 2017 کے جارسال کے اندراندرہوگی۔

# ٨) نقدمنا فعمنقسمه کی الیکڑوٹیکلی ادائیگی

کمپنیزا یک، 2017 کے سیکٹن 242 کی دفعات کے تحت اساڈ کمپنیوں کے لیے لازم ہے کہ نفذ میں ڈیویڈنڈ کی ادائیگی صرف الیکٹرا تک موڈ کے ذریعے براہ راست تصفی دار کے نامز دکردہ بینک اکاؤنٹ میں اداکیا جائے۔ اس کے مطابق ہی ڈی میں مصل کھنے والے تصفی داران سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے متعلقہ می ڈی ایس شرکاء کواپنے بینک اکاؤنٹ کی مکمل تفصیلات فراہم کریں تاکہ وہ کمپنی کو تازہ ترین اور درست معلومات فراہم کرسکیں ۔ مادی تصفی رکھنے والے تصفی یافت گان سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارسالا ندر پورٹ میں فراہم کر دورائی سے دوخواست ہے کہ وہ کہنی کے تیج پر فراہم کریں، ندکورہ بالا فارم کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر بھی دستیاب ہے۔ اراکین سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ ذکو قاور عشر آرڈینس 1980 کے مطابق زکو ق سے استثنی کے لیے اعلامیہ (50-CZ) جمع کرائیں۔

# Chairman's Review Report



I am pleased to present the annual report for 2023, another successful year for Nishat Chunian Power Limited ('NCPL'). NCPL was able to achieve this success with solid performance, a committed workforce, and positive results. NCPL is currently in the thirteenth year of its twenty-five-year and seventy-five days Power Purchase Agreement with Central Power Purchasing Agency Guarantee Limited ('Power Purchaser').

The board remained pivotal in NCPL's success by ensuring a diligent governance framework for the effective and prudent management of business matters. The board is always keen to implement improvements in the light of global best practices. The board ensured that adequate policies were in place that enhanced the professional standards and corporate values. The board rooted a corporate culture that promotes sincerity among the Board, senior management, and other employees.

The company was able to amicably resolve the matters with the Power Purchaser which will avoid unnecessary ligations and costs and laid the foundation for a smooth operating environment with the Power Purchaser. The company has also received both installments of receivables under the Master Agreement. The proceeding of the Arbitration as agreed with the GOP under the Arbitration Submission Agreement has been initiated.

The Board comprises of eight (8) members, that were elected at the Annual General Meeting held on October 23, 2020, for the next term of three years, under the provisions of Section 159 of the Companies Act, 2017. The board comprises members with vast experience and diversified knowledge that led to an effective decision-making process. The Board together with its committees was fully involved in the planning process and in developing the vision for the Company.

The board of directors met four times during the year to review the overall performance, appraise financial results, and the overall effectiveness of the role played by the board in achieving the company's objectives. Meeting agendas and supporting papers were received in a timely manner for the Board meetings.

On behalf of the Board, I wish to acknowledge the contribution of all our employees to the success of the company

Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Chairman



# چیئر مین کی جائز ہر پورٹ

میں نشاط چونیاں یاورلمیٹڈ (این سی بی ایل) کےایک اور کامیاب مالی 2023 کی سالا نہ رپورٹ پیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوس کرتا ہوں۔این سی بی ایل نے ٹھوس کارکردگی ، پُرعزم افرادی قوت اور مثبت نتائج کے ساتھ بیکامیابی حاصل کی ہے۔این می بی ایل سنشرل پاور پر چیزنگ ایجنسی گارٹی کمیٹڈ (بجلی خریدار ) کے ساتھ اپنے تچیس سال اور پچھتر دن کے بجلی خرید معاہدے کے تیر ہویں سال میں ہے۔

کاروباری معاملات کےموثر اورمختاط انتظام کے لیےمستعد گورننس فریم ورک کویقینی بناتے ہوئے بورڈ نے کمپنی کی کامیابی میں اہم کر دارا داکیا۔ بورڈ ہمیشہ بہترین عالمی طریقوں کی روشنی میں بہتریوں کو نا فذکرنے کا خواہشمند ہے۔ بورڈ نے اس بات کویقینی بنایا کہ مناسب پالیسیاں موجود ہیں جوپیشہ ورانہ معیارات اور کاریوریٹ اقدار کو بڑھار ہی ہیں۔بورڈ نے کارپوریٹ کلچرکوفروغ دیا جو بورڈ ،سینئر مینجمنٹ ،اوردوسرے ملاز مین کے مابین اخلاص کوفروغ دیتا ہے۔

این سی پی املی جگی خریدار کےساتھ معاملات کوخوش اسلو بی سے حل کرنے میں کامیاب رہی ہے۔ اِس کامیابی کی وجہ سے کمپنی غیرضروری واجبات اوراخرا جات سے بچے گی اور بجلی خریدار کے ساتھ ہمواراور خوشگوار ماحول کی بنیاد پڑے گی ۔ کمپنی نے ماسٹرا مگریمنٹ کے تحت واجبات کی دونوں اقساط بھی حاصل کر لی ہیں۔ ثالثی معاہدے کے تحت جی او پی کے ساتھ متفقہ ثالثی کی کارروائی شروع کردی گئی ہے۔

بورڈ (8) ممبروں پرمشتل ہےاور یہ 23 اکتوبر2020 کوہی ہونے والی سالانہ جزل میٹنگ میں کمپینیز ایکٹ،2017 کے سیکٹن 159 کی دفعات کے تحت اگلی تین سالہ مدت کے لیے منتخب ہوا ہے۔ بورڈ جن ممبران برمشتل ہےان میں وسیع تجربہاورمتنوع علم موجود ہے جس کے نتیجے میں فیصلہ سازی کاایک مؤثر عمل ہوتا ہے۔ بورڈ اپنی کمیٹیوں کے ساتھ مل کرمنصوبہ بندی کے عمل میں اور کمپنی کے لئے وژن کوفروغ دینے میں پوری طرح شامل تھا۔

بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز نے سال کے دوران مجموعی کارکردگی کا جائزہ لینے، مالیاتی نتائج کود کیھنے،اور بورڈ کے ذریعے کمپنی کے مقاصد کے حصول میں اداکردہ کردار کی مجموعی تا ثیر ماینے کے لئے حیار بارملا قات کی۔بورڈ کے اجلاسوں کے لئے میٹنگ ایجنڈ ہے اور معاون کا غذات بروقت وصول کیے گئے۔

بورڈ کی جانب ہے، میں کمپنی کی کامیا بی میں ہمارے تمام ملاز مین کی شراکت کوشلیم کرنا جا ہتا ہوں۔

محترم محمداشرف چيئر مين



# Directors' Report

#### **DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,**

The Board is pleased to present financial statements for the year ending on June 30, 2023. During the fiscal year, 2023 turnover was PKR 18.2 billion (2022: PKR 25.42 billion) with an after-tax profit of PKR 3.95 billion (2022: PKR 2.50 billion) and an Earning Per Share (EPS) of PKR 10.77 (2022: PKR 6.82).

#### **PERFORMANCE**

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the capacity factor of the plant was 22.52% (2022: 51.47%) with an availability factor of 91.40% (2022: 91.54%) and the Company dispatched 386,127 MWH (2021: 882,443 MWH) to Power Purchaser.

The revenue of the company has decreased due to lower generation demand from Power Purchaser as compared to last year, correspondingly decreasing the cost of raw materials. The thermal efficiency and O&M cost components in our tariff are levelized over 25 years. As maintenance costs in the initial years are low, consequently our profits in the initial years will be higher than the average.

Receivables impact the profitability of the company as under the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) the Power Purchaser's default in making timely payments of the invoices entitles the company to Delay Payment mark-up. Since the Power Purchaser is in continuous default of making timely payments therefore Delay Payment markup contributes to the bottom line of the company.

#### SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS

On February 11, 2021, the Company along with other IPPs signed the Amendment to the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) and Master Agreement (the Agreements) with the Central Power Purchasing Agency (Guarantee) Limited (CPPA-G/Power Purchaser) whereby certain concessions have been given to the Power Purchasers that are subject to fulfillment of certain terms and conditions. A mechanism was agreed for the settlement of long outstanding receivables in two installments of 40% and 60% comprising one-third each of cash, PIBs,



and Sukuk. The first installment was received on January 06, 2022, while the second installment was received on 30 June 2022. The PIBs and Sukuk received in the first installment were disposed of in the same year whereas the PIBs and Sukuk received in the second installment were disposed of during the year.

In accordance with the Arbitration Submission Agreement ('ASA'), the IPPs under the 2002 Power Policy and GOP have nominated their Arbitrators, and these two nominated Arbitrators have appointed the third Arbitrators who is the former President of the UK Supreme Court. The Arbitration Tribunal so constituted has initiated the arbitration proceedings. However formal adaptation of the terms of reference is in process. We believe that there are strong grounds that the matter will ultimately be decided in Company's favour. For further details, please refer to note 10.1.1(viii) of the accompanying financial statements.

#### **CIRCULAR DEBT**

Circular debt has always been a major issue for companies operating in the power sector. Liquidity management remained challenging during the year. The company continues to take up the matter of overdue receivables not only with the Power Purchaser but also with the Ministry of Water and Power through the Private Power & Infrastructure Board (PPIB) by giving notices of default pursuant to provisions of Power Purchase and Implementation Agreements. As of June 30, 2023, our total receivables from Power Purchaser are PKR 13.97 billion, out of which PKR 8.54 billion are overdue.



#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROLS**

Financial risks to the company are mostly catered for in the tariff. Apart from liquidity risk (circular debt), the other major financial risk the company is exposed to is the interest rate. Any fluctuation in the interest rate can impact the profits of the company. As part of risk management, the company has designed and implemented adequate internal financial controls, manual as well as automated, that are communicated to staff via various policies and procedural guidelines. The Board of Directors ensures that sufficient adequate internal control exists in the company. These controls are also periodically monitored by the Internal Audit Function.

#### **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

The Company along with its sponsors and other philanthropists has set up a state-of-the-art, not-for-profit hospital, Saleem Memorial Hospital (SMH). This 350-bed hospital which is constructed on 39 kanals of land is one of the nation's largest, multi-specialty private hospitals. The hospital intends to offer quality medical services to all members of the community without discrimination on the basis of social or economic standing. SMH is based on a cross-subsidy mechanism; patients who can afford will be charged while those who need assistance will be subsidized.

The company is keen on preserving the environment and nature. For this purpose, our power plant is

equipped with machinery to ensure that the National Environmental Quality Standards are always complied with. The Company has also taken an initiative towards plantation and has planted trees inside the power plant premises and the surrounding vicinity.

### **DIVIDENDS**

The company's ability to pay dividends depends on the recoverability of the receivables from Power Purchaser. The Power Purchaser consistently failed to make timely payments to the Company, consequently, our receivables have amplified to PKR 13.97 billion with grave uncertainty on the future cashflows from the Power Purchaser. Furthermore, NCPL is relying on the short term borrowings from banks to fund its operations which is extremely expensive due to high borrowing rates. Therefore due to mounting receivables, high cost of borrowing and in the best interest of the company the Board has recommended not to declare dividend at this moment.

### **AUDITORS**

The retiring auditors' M/s Riaz Ahmad & Co. Chartered Accountants, being eligible, offered themselves for re-appointment. The Audit Committee has recommended their re-appointment as auditors of the Company for the year 2023-24.

#### PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

The pattern of shareholding as of June 30, 2023, is annexed with the Annual Report.

# Board of Directors and its Committees

During the year under review, four (4) meetings were held. Attendance and composition of the board are as follows:

Name of Director	Category	Committee	Attendance
Mr. Farrukh Ifzal (CEO)	Executive		4
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf	Non-Executive		4
Mr. Aftab Ahmad Khan (Resigned on May 29, 2023)	Non-Executive	Audit and HR & Remuneration Committee	4
Mr. Muhammad Azam	Independent	Audit and HR & Remuneration Committee	4
Mr. Rehmat Naveed Elahi	Independent	Audit and HR & Remuneration Committee	3
Mr. Babar Ali Khan	Non-executive		2
Mr. Mustaqeem Talish	Non-executive		4
Mrs. Samina Aslam (Resigned on Aug 29, 2023)	Non-executive		4
Sheikh Muhammad Iqbal (Appointed on Aug 21, 2023)	Non-executive		0

The company has 1 female and 6 male directors as at June 30, 2023.

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

The company does not pay remuneration to its non-executive directors including independent directors except for meeting fees which are determined by the Board as per the Companies Act, 2017 & the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019.

The aggregate amount of remuneration paid to executive and non-executive directors has been disclosed in note 30 of the annexed financial statements.



# Acknowledgement



The Directors would take this opportunity to thank our valued shareholders who have trust in our Company and also like to express their deep appreciation for the services, loyalty, and efforts rendered by the employees of the Company and hope that they will continue to do so in the future.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

**Director** 

# مجلس نظماءر بورث

# محترم خصص داران،

بورڈ 30 جون، 2023 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے مالی بیانات پیش کرنے پرخوش ہے۔ مالی سال کے دوران، وصولی 18.2 ارب (2022:25.42 ارب) بنیکس کے بعد منافع 3.95 ارب (2.50:2022 ارب) اور فی شیئر آمدنی 10.77 (6.82:2022 )روپے ہے۔

# كاركردگي

30 جون، 2023 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران، پلانٹ کی صلاحیت کاعضر 22.52 فیصد (51.47:2022 فیصد) تھا جبکہ پلانٹ کا بیلی کی پیداوار کے لئے موجودر ہے کاعضر 91.40 فیصد (91.54:2022 فیصد) تھا۔سال کے دوران کمپنی نے 386,127 میگاواٹ (2022: 882,443 میگاواٹ) بیلی خریدار کو بیچی۔

گزشتہ سال کے مقابلے بجلی خریدار کی جانب سے کم پیداواری طلب کی وجہ سے کمپنی کی آمدنی میں کمی آئی ہے، جس کی وجہ سے خام مال کی قیمت میں بھی کمی آئی ہے۔ جارے ٹیرف میں تقریل کارکردگی اور M&Nلاگت کے اجزا کو 25 سالوں میں برابر کیا جا تا ہے۔ چونکہ ابتدائی سالوں میں دیکھ بھال کے اخراجات کم ہیں، لہذا ابتدائی سالوں میں جمارامنا فع منصوبے کی باقی زندگی کے اوسط سے زیادہ ہوگا۔

کمپنی کے منافع پرتاخیر سے وصولی کی اِنوائس اثر انداز ہوتی ہیں جیسا کہ پاورخریداری معاہدے(پی پی اے) کے تحت انوائس کی بروقت ادائیگی کرنے میں پاورخریدار کی معاہدے(پی پی اے) کے تحت انوائس کی بروقت ادائیگی کرنے میں مستقل ناکام ہے اور کمپنی کی وصول کنندہ سے وصولیوں میں بڑی تعداد میں اضافہ ہوا ہے جس کی وجہ سے کمپنی کی تاخیر سے متعلق ادائیگی کی آمدنی اور نتیج میں خالص منافع میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔

# اہم پیشرفت

11 فروری 2021 کو، کمپنی نے دیگر آئی پی پز کے ساتھ مل کرسٹرل پاور پر چیزنگ ایجنسی (گارٹی) کمیٹٹر (سی پی پی اے۔ بی ا) کے ساتھ "ماسٹر معاہدہ" اور "پی پی اے تر میسمی معاہدہ" پر دستخط کیے تھے جس کے ذریعے بجلی خریدار کو بچھ رعایتیں فراہم کی گئی اور بیرعایتیں بچھ شرائط وضوابط کی تکمیل سے مشروط تھی۔ 40% اور 60% کی دو اقساط میں طویل مدتی بقایا وصولیوں کے تصفیہ کے لیے ایک طریقہ کار پر اتفاق کیا گیا جس میں ایک تہائی نقذ ، ایک تہائی پی آئی بی اور ایک تہائی سکوک شامل ہیں۔ پہلی قسط 10% جنوری 2022 کوموصول ہوئی تھی جبکہ دوسری قسط 30 جنوری 2022 کوموصول ہوئی تھی جبکہ دوسری قسط میں موصول ہونے والے پی آئی بیز اور سکوک کو اس سال بچ دیا گیا تھا جبکہ دوسری قسط میں موصول ہونے والے پی آئی بیز اور سکوک کو اس سال تھے دیا گیا تھا

ٹالٹی معاہدے کےمطابق 2002 کی یاور یالیسی کے تحت آئی بی پیزاور GOP نے اپنے ٹالثوں کونامز دکیا ہے،اوران دونامز د ٹالثوں نے تیسرے ٹالث کومقرر کیا ہے



جو برطانیہ کی سپریم کورٹ کے سابق صدر ہیں۔ تھکیل کروہ ثالثی ٹریونل نے ثالثی کی کارروائی شروع کردی ہے۔ تا ہم ٹرمز آف ریفرنس کی باضابطہ موافقت کا ممل جاری ہے۔ ہمیں یقین ہے کہ اس بات کی مضبوط بنیادیں ہیں کہ اس معاملے کا فیصلہ بالآخر کمپنی کے حق میں ہوگا۔ مزید تفصیلات مالی بیانات کے نوٹ (viii) 10.1.1 میں بیان کی گئی ہیں۔

# گردشی قرضے

گرد قی قرضے بیلی کے شعبے میں کام کرنے والی کمپنیوں کے لئے ہمیشہ ایک اہم مسئلہ رہے ہیں۔ سال کے دوران کیکویڈیٹی میٹجنٹ چیلنے رہا۔ کمپنی زائد المعیا دوصولیوں کے معاطے کو بیلی خریدار اور پرائیویٹ پاورانفراسٹر کچر بورڈ (پی پی آئی بی) کے ساتھ بجلی خریدار معاہدے (پی پی اے) اور نفاذ معاہدے (آئی اے) کے تحت دیے جانے والے ڈیفالٹ نوٹسز کے ذریعے اٹھائے ہوئے ہے۔ 30 جون، 2023 تک، پاورخریدارہ ہمارے وصولات 13.97 ارب ہو چکے ہیں، جس میں سے 8.54 ارب روپے زائد المعیاد ہیں۔

# دسك مينجنث

کمپنی کولائق ہونے والے زیادہ تر مالی خطرات کا محصول میں اعاطہ کیا جاتا ہے۔ لیکویڈیٹی رسک (گردثی قرضے) کے علاوہ کمپنی کو جودیگر بڑے مالی خطرہ لاحق ہے اس میں سود کی شرح ہے۔ سود کی شرح میں کوئی اتار چڑھاؤ کمپنی کے منافع کو متاثر کرسکتا ہے۔ رسک مینجمنٹ کے ایک حصے کے طور پر ، کمپنی نے مناسب داخلی مالیاتی کنٹرول، دستی اورخود کا رطریقے ہے، ڈیز ائن کیا ہے اور اس پڑمل در آمد کیا ہے، جومختلف پالیسیوں اور طریقہ کار کے رہنما خطوط کے ذریعہ عملے کو بتایا جاتا ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز اس بات کو یقینی بنا تا ہے کہ کمپنی میں مناسب اندرونی کنٹرول موجود ہے۔ یہ کنٹرول ہمارے اندرونی آڈٹ فنکشن کے ذریعہ وقتا فوقتا بھی مانیٹر کیے جاتے ہیں۔

# كاربوريث اجى ذمددارى

کمپنی نے اپنے سپانسرز اور دیگر مخیر حضرات کے ساتھ مل کر ایک جدیدترین ،غیر منافع بخش ہپتال ،سلیم میموریل ہپتال (SMH) قائم کیا ہے۔ یہ 350 بستروں پر مشتمل ہپتال جو 39 کنال اراضی پرتغیر کیا گیا ہے اور ملک کے سب سے بڑے لٹی آئیشلٹی پرائیویٹ ہپتالوں میں سے ایک ہے۔ ہپتال ساجی یا معاشی حثیبت کی بنیاد پرائیویٹ ہپتال جو 39 کنال ارام معیاری طبی خدمات پیش کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتا ہے۔ SMH ایک کراس سبسڈی میکانزم پربٹی ہے ؛ جومریض استطاعت رکھتے ہیں ان سے فیس وصول کی جائے گی جبکہ جن کوامداد کی ضرورت ہے ان کوسبسڈی دی جائے گی۔

کمپنی ماحول اور فطرت کو تحفظ فرا ہم کرنے میں گہری دلچیں رکھتی ہے۔اس مقصد کے لئے ہمارے پاور پلانٹ ایس مشینری سے لیس ہیں جوقو می ماحولیاتی معیارات پڑممل کو لیتینی بناتی ہیں۔کمپنی نے شجر کاری کے بھی اقد امات کئے ہیں اور پلانٹ کے احاطے میں اورار دگر دیودے لگائے ہیں۔

### تصرفات

سمپنی کی ڈیویڈنڈ اداکرنے کی صلاحت کا انتصار بجلی خریدار سے وصولیوں پر ہے۔ بجلی خریدار کمپنی کو بروقت ادائیگی کرنے میں مسلسل نا کام رہاہے، نیتجاً، بجلی خریدار سے

جاری وصولیاں 13.97 ارب تک ہوگئ ہیں اور مستقبل کی وصولیوں (کیش فلو) پر بھی شدید غیر یقینی صورتحال ہے۔ مزید برآں، این ٹی پی ایل اپنے آپریشنز کے لیے بینکوں سے قلیل مدتی قرضوں پر انحصار کر رہا ہے جو کہ بلند شرح سود کی وجہ سے انتہائی مہنگے ثابت ہور ہے ہیں۔ اس لیے بڑھتے ہوئے وصولیوں، قرضے لینے کی زیادہ لاگت اور کمپنی کے بہترین مفاد میں بورڈ نے اس وقت ڈیویڈنڈ کا اعلان نہ کرنے کی سفارش کی ہے۔

### محاسب

ریٹائر ڈمحاسب میسرز ریاض احمداینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ ا کا وئٹنٹس ،اہل ہونے کی بناء پر دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے خودکو پیش کرتے ہیں۔آ ڈٹ کمپنٹی نے سال 4 2-2023 کے لئے کمپنی کےمحاسب کی حیثیت سے ان کی دوبارہ تقرری کی منظوری دی ہے۔

# نمونه وحصص داري

30 جون 2023 كے مطابق نمونه وهس دارى سالا ندر بورث كے ہمراہ مسلك كيا كيا ہے۔

# مجلس نظماما وراسكي كميثيان

زىر جائزه سال كے دوران جار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے ـ بورڈ كى حاضرى اورتر تىب حسب ذيل ہے:

تعدادحاضري	سمييثي	کیگری	نام ڈائز یکٹر
4	-	ا یگزیکٹو	جناب فرخ افضال
4	-	نان الگيزيكڻو	جناب محمد اشرف
4	آڈٹ اینڈHR&R	نان الگيزيكڻو	جناب آفتاب احمدخان (مستعفى: منى 29، 2023)
4	آڈٹ اینڈHR&R	آزاد	جناب محمد أعظم
3	آڈٹ اینڈHR&R	آزاد	جناب رحمت نویدالهی
2	-	نان الگيزيكڻو	جناب با برعلی خان
4	-	نان الگيزيكڻو	جناب متقيم تالش
4	-	نان الگيزيكڻو	محترمة ثمينه اسلم (مستعفی:اگست 29، 2023)
0	-	نان الگيزيكڻو	شخ محما قبال (تقرری: اگست 21، 2023)

30 جون 2023 پر ممپنی میں 1 خاتون اور 6 مردڈ ائر یکٹرز ہیں۔



# ڈائر بکٹرز کامشاہرہ

کمپنی اپنے نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائر یکٹرزاور آزادڈ ائر یکٹرزکوسوائے ملاقات کی فیسوں کے جو بورڈ کے ذریعیپنیز ایکٹ 2017اور کمپنیوں کے (کارپوریٹ گورننس)ریگولیشنز 2019 کےمطابق طے کی جاتی ہےکوئی ادائیگی نہیں کرتی ہے۔

ا نگزیکٹواورنان انگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرزکوادا کی جانے والی فیس کی مجموعی رقم منسلک مالیاتی بیانات کے نوٹ 30 میں ظاہر کی گئی ہے۔

# اظهارتشكر

ڈائر کیٹرزاس موقع پر ہمارے قابل قدرشیئر ہولڈرز کاشکر بیادا کریں گے جو ہماری کمپنی پر بھروسہ رکھتے ہیں اور کمپنی کے ملاز مین کی خدمات، وفا داری، اور کوششوں کے لیےان سے اظہار تشکر کرنا چاہتے ہیں اور امید کرتے ہیں کہ وہ اس کا مکومتنقبل میں جاری رکھیں گے۔

چيف ايگزيڻو ۋائريٽر

# This Page Has Been Intentionally Left Blank

# Financial Highlights

**Rupees in Millions** 

	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Result of Operations						
Net Sales	16,594	15,021	13,023	11,643	25,416	18,221
Gross Profit	4,640	5,076	6,756	3,770	3,558	5,058
Operating Income	4,453	4,759	6,640	3,494	3,389	4,825
Financial Charges	(1,046)	(1,342)	(2,034)	(984)	(844)	(868)
Tax (Taxation) / Reversal	-	_	-	-	(1)	(1)
Net Income	3,406	3,417	4,606	2,509	2,504	3,957
Financial Position at Year-end:						
Capital	3,673	3,673	3,673	3,673	3,673	3,673
Accumulated profit	8,556	10,687	15,292	17,802	20,305	20,589
Net Worth	12,229	14,360	18,966	21,475	23,979	24,262
Fixed Assets	11,387	11,495	10,572	9,857	9,461	9,479
Long Term Deposits & Advances	4	3	3	2	1	1
Current Assets	15,015	18,073	20,376	23,237	26,621	18,308
Total Assets	26,406	29,571	30,951	33,095	36,083	27,787
Long Term Liabilities	3,327	716	729	17	-	-
Current Liabilities	10,850	14,494	11,254	11,603	12,104	3,525
Net Interest-Bearing Debt	13,230	14,094	10,993	10,072	10,869	975
Per Share Net Income	9.27	9.30	12.54	6.83	6.82	10.77
Cash Dividends	1.00	2.00	-	-	-	10.00
Dividend payout ratio	11%	22%	0%	0%	0%	93%
Financial Measures						
ROE	27.85%	23.79%	24.28%	11.68%	10.44%	16.31%
Shareholders' Equity Ratio	46.31%	48.56%	61.28%	64.89%	66.46%	87.31%
Net Debt Equity Ratio (times)	1.08	0.98	0.58	0.47	0.45	0.04
Current Ratio	1.38	1.25	1.81	2.00	2.20	5.19
Common Stock						
Number of Shares Outstanding						
at Year-End	367,346,939	367,346,939	367,346,939	367,346,939	367,346,939	367,346,939

# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS 2019

Name of Company: Nishat Chunian Power Limited

Year ended: June 30, 2023

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

- 1. The total number of Directors are Eight (8) as per the following:
  - a. Male: 7
  - b. Female: 1\*

2. The composition of board is as follows:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. Muhammad Azam
	Mr. Rehmat Naveed Elahi
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Muhammad Ashraf
	Mr. Babar Ali Khan
	Mr. Mustaqeem Talish
	Mr. Sheikh Muhammad Iqbal (Appointed as Director with effect from
	21 August 2023 in place of Mr. Aftab Ahmad Khan who resigned as
	Director with effect from 29 May 2023)
	Ms. Samina Aslam (Female Director)**
Executive Director	Mr. Farrukh Ifzal (Chief Executive Officer)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Ms. Samina Aslam (Female Director) resigned as director of the company w.e.f 29 August 2023.

- 3. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a Director on more than seven listed companies, including this company;
- 4. The company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the company;
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and the Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a Director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
- 8. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of Directors in accordance with the Act and the Regulations;
- 9. Following Directors have attained the directors training program certification:

Names of Directors
Mr. Farrukh Ifzal
Mr. Muhammad Azam



<sup>\*</sup> Ms. Samina Aslam (Female Director) resigned as director of the company w.e.f. 29 August 2023.

- 10. The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
- 11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

#### a) Audit Committee

Names	Designation held
Mr. Muhammad Azam	Chairman
Mr. Sheikh Muhammad Iqbal (Appointed as Director with effect from 21 August 2023	
in place of Mr. Aftab Ahmad Khan who resigned as Director with effect from 29 May 2023)	Member
Mr. Rehmat Naveed Elahi	Member

#### b) HR and Remuneration Committee

Names	Designation held
Mr. Muhammad Azam	Chairman
Mr. Sheikh Muhammad Iqbal (Appointed as Director with effect from 21 August 2023	
in place of Mr. Aftab Ahmad Khan who resigned as Director with effect from 29 May 2023)	Member
Mr. Rehmat Naveed Elahi	Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly / half yearly / yearly) of the committee were as per following:

### a) Audit Committee

Four meetings were held during the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

#### b) HR and Remuneration Committee

One meeting of HR and Remuneration Committee was held during the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Director of the company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with;

19. Explanations for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below:

Sr. No.	Requirement	Explanation of Non-Compliance	Regulation Number
1	Responsibilities of the Board and its members  The Board is responsible for adoption of corporate governance practices by the Company.	Non-mandatory provisions of the Regulations are partially complied. The Company is deliberating on full compliance with all the provisions of the Regulations.	10(1)
2	Directors' Training It is encouraged that by 30 June 2022, all directors on the Board have acquired the prescribed certification under any director training program offered by institutions, local or foreign, that meet the criteria specified by the Commission and approved by it.	Two directors of the Company have acquired Directors' Training Program certification. The Company has planned to arrange Directors' Training Program certification for remaining directors before 30 June 2024.	19(1)
3	Directors' Training Companies are encouraged to arrange training for at least one head of department every year under the Directors' Training Program from July 2022.	The Company has planned to arrange Directors' Training Program certification for head of department in next few years.	19(3)
4	Nomination Committee The Board may constitute a separate committee, designated as the nomination committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances.	Currently, the Board has not constituted a separate nomination committee and the functions are being performed by the human resource and remuneration committee.	29
5	Risk Management Committee  The Board may constitute the risk management committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances, to carry out a review of effectiveness of risk management procedures and present a report to the Board.	Currently, the Board has not constituted a risk management committee and senior officers of the Company perform the requisite functions and apprise the Board accordingly.	30
6	Disclosure of significant policies on website The Company may post key elements of its significant policies, brief synopsis of terms of reference of the Board's committees on its website and key elements of the directors' remuneration policy.	Although these are well circulated among the relevant employees and directors, the Board shall consider posting such policies and synopsis on its website in near future.	35

20. The two elected independent directors have requisite competencies, skills, knowledge and experience to discharge and execute their duties competently, as per applicable laws and regulations. As they fulfill the necessary requirements as per applicable laws and regulations, hence, appointment of a third independent director is not warranted.

### **MUHAMMAD ASHRAF**

Chairman

August 30, 2023 Lahore



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

# To the Members of Nishat Chunian Power Limited

# Review Report on the Statement of Compliance Contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Nishat Chunian Power Limited (the Company) for the year ended 30 June 2023 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2023.

#### **RIAZ AHMAD & COMPANY**

**Chartered Accountants** 

Lahore

Date: 30 August 2023

UDIN: CR202310158KxLu5tm2C

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# To the members of Nishat Chunian Power Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinion**

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Nishat Chunian Power Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2023 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the *Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to note 10.1.1(viii) to the accompanying financial statements which describes that the matter will be resolved through arbitration under the 'Arbitration Submission Agreement' between the Company and Government of Pakistan (GoP). Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **Key Audit Matter**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following is the Key audit matter:



Sr. No.	Key audit matters	How the matters were addressed in our audit
1.	Contingencies  As disclosed in note 10.1.1 to the accompanying financial statements, the Company has contingent liabilities in respect of various matters, which are pending adjudication before respective authorities and courts of law.	Our audit procedures among others included obtaining an understanding of the process and controls on this area relevant to our audit. Further, we have:  • Obtained and reviewed detail of the pending matters and discussed the same with the Company's management;
	Contingencies require management to make judgments and estimates in relation to the interpretation of laws, statutory rules and regulations, and the probability of outcome and financial impact, if any, on the Company for disclosure and recognition and measurement of any provisions that may be required against such contingencies in accordance with applicable financial reporting standards.	<ul> <li>Reviewed the correspondence of the Company with the relevant authorities, tax and legal advisors, including judgments or orders passed by the competent authorities in relation to the issues involved or matters which have similarities with the issues involved;</li> <li>Obtained and reviewed confirmations from the Company's external tax and legal advisors for their views on the probable outcome of the pending tax cases and other contingencies.</li> </ul>
	Due to significance of amounts involved, uncertainties with respect to the outcome of matters and use of significant management judgments and estimates to assess the same including related financial impacts, we considered this as a key audit matter.  For further information on contingencies, refer to the following:  - Summary of significant accounting policies, Contingent liabilities [note 2.1(c) and note 2.19 to the financial statements].	<ul> <li>Involved internal tax professionals to assess reasonability of management's conclusions on such pending matters;</li> <li>Reviewed and evaluated the adequacy of disclosures made in respect of such contingencies in accordance with the requirements of the financial reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.</li> </ul>
	- Contingent liabilities (note 10.1.1) to the financial statements	

### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mubashar Mehmood.

#### **RIAZ AHMAD & COMPANY**

**Chartered Accountants** 

Lahore

Date: 30 August 2023

UDIN: AR2023101580NCbo1VeF

# This Page Has Been Intentionally Left Blank

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

	Note	2023 2022 (Rupees in thousand)	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized share capital			
385,000,000 (2022: 385,000,000)			
ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each		3,850,000	3,850,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital	3	3,673,469	3,673,469
Revenue reserve - un-appropriated profit	O	20,588,588	20,305,494
Total equity		24,262,057	23,978,963
Total oquity		21,202,007	20,010,000
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term financing - secured	4	-	-
Deferred income - Government grant	5	-	-
		-	-
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	6	2,341,437	1,015,745
Accrued mark-up / profit	7	174,095	202,300
Short term borrowings	8	975,099	10,851,726
Current portion of non-current liabilities	9	-	17,291
Unclaimed dividend		34,531	16,563
		3,525,162	12,103,625
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,525,162	12,103,625
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS 10			
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		27,787,219	36,082,588

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

	Note	2023	2022	
	Note	(Rupees II	n thousand)	
ASSETS				
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment	11	9,478,782	9,461,004	
Intangible assets	12	-	-	
Long term loan to an employee	13	288	981	
Long term security deposit		100	100	
		9,479,170	9,462,085	
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stores and spares	14	628,913	445,586	
Inventories	15	808,922	2,254,688	
Trade debts	16	13,747,743	13,718,135	
Loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and				
other receivables	17	1,308,745	1,510,198	
Advance income tax - net of provision for taxation	18	45,597	61,314	
Short term investments	19	361,770	8,609,548	
Bank balances	20	1,406,359	21,034	
		18,308,049	26,620,503	
TOTAL ASSETS		27,787,219	36,082,588	

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		2023	2022
	NOTE	(Rupees in thousand)	
REVENUE FROM CONTRACT WITH CUSTOMER	21	18,220,811	25,415,977
COST OF SALES	22	(13,162,851)	(21,858,305)
GROSS PROFIT		5,057,960	3,557,672
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	23	(156,218)	(176,520)
OTHER EXPENSES	24	(189,404)	(152,763)
		(345,622)	(329,283)
OTHER INCOME	25	113,139	160,492
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS		4,825,477	3,388,881
FINANCE COST	26	(868,314)	(884,205)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		3,957,163	2,504,676
TAXATION	27	(600)	(943)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		3,956,563	2,503,733
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED (RUPEES)	28	10.77	6.82

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	<b>2023</b> (Rupees in	<b>2022</b> n thousand)
Profit After Taxation	3,956,563	2,503,733
Other Comprehensive Income		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	-	-
	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income For The Year	3,956,563	2,503,733

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Share Capital	Revenue Reserve: Un-appropriated Profits Rupees in thousand	Total Equity
Balance as at June 30, 2021	3,673,469	17,801,761	21,475,230
Profit for the year ended 30 June 2022	-	2,503,733	2,503,733
Other comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2022	-	_	-
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2022	-	2,503,733	2,503,733
Balance as at June 30, 2022	3,673,469	20,305,494	23,978,963
Transaction with owners - Final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2022 @ Rupees 10 per share	-	(3,673,469)	(3,673,469)
Profit for the year ended 30 June 2023	-	3,956,563	3,956,563
Other comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2023	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2023	-	3,956,563	3,956,563
Balance as at June 30, 2023	3,673,469	20,588,588	24,262,057

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

4.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Note	<b>2023</b> (Rupees i	<b>2022</b> in thousand)
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash generated from operations 29	8,340,698	8,656,255
Finance cost paid	(896,338)	(922,423)
Net decrease in long term loan to an employee	693	693
Income tax paid	(21,852)	(9,355)
Income tax refund received	36,969	-
Profit on bank deposits received	28,404	43,442
Net cash generated from operating activities	7,488,574	7,768,612
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment	(784,532)	(549,839)
Short term investments made	(307,263)	(7,757,078)
Proceeds from disposal of short term investments	2,731,004	5,306,562
Investment made in Pakistan Investment Bonds and		
Government Ijara Sukuks	-	(9,746,123)
Proceeds from sale of Pakistan Investment Bonds and		
Government Ijara Sukuks	5,806,225	3,879,151
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	736	29,265
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities	7,446,170	(8,838,062)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Repayment of long term financing	(17,291)	(34,615)
Dividend paid	(3,655,501)	(1,713)
Net cash used in financing activities	(3,672,792)	(36,328)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	11,261,952	(1,105,778)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(10,830,692)	(9,724,914)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	431,260	(10,830,692)
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Bank balances	1,406,359	21,034
Short term borrowings	(975,099)	(10,851,726)
	431,260	(10,830,692)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 Nishat Chunian Power Limited ('the Company') is a public Company limited by shares incorporated in Pakistan on 23 February 2007 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now Companies Act, 2017). The Company's ordinary shares are listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Company was a subsidiary of Nishat (Chunian) Limited (NCL) that held 51.07% shares of the Company.
- The Board of Directors of NCL in its meeting held on 21 February 2022 has approved a Scheme of Compromises, Arrangement and Reconstruction (Under Sections 279 to 283 and 285 of the Companies Act, 2017) amongst NCL and its members and Nishat Chunian Properties (Private) Limited (subsidiary of NCL) and its members. One of the principal objects of the Scheme was to make NCL and Nishat Chunian Power Limited totally independent of each other by the transfer amongst the members of NCL of 187,585,820 ordinary shares of Nishat Chunian Power Limited owned by NCL. On 29 June 2022, the Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore approved the aforesaid Scheme. The Effective Date of the Scheme for this purpose was the commencement date of book closure i.e. 10 August 2022 as announced by NCL in accordance with Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited Regulations. After the completion of necessary corporate and legal formalities in this regard, the Company ceased to be the subsidiary of NCL with effect from 10 August 2022.
- 1.3 The principal activity of the Company is to build, own, operate and maintain a fuel fired power station having gross capacity of 200 MW and net capacity of 195.722 MW at Jamber Kalan, Tehsil Pattoki, District Kasur, Punjab, Pakistan. The address of the registered office of the Company is 31-Q, Gulberg II, Lahore. On 13 November 2007, the Company entered into a Power Purchase Agreement ('PPA') with its sole customer, National Transmission and Dispatch Company Limited ('NTDC') for twenty-five years which commenced from 21 July 2010. On 11 February 2021, the Company entered into a Novation Agreement to the PPA with NTDC and Central Power Purchasing Agency (Guarantee) Limited ('CPPA-G' and also referred to as the 'Power Purchaser'), whereby, NTDC irrevocably transferred all of its rights, obligations and liabilities under the PPA to CPPA-G and thereafter, NTDC ceased to be a party to the PPA, and CPPA-G became a party to the PPA in place of NTDC. Further, on the same day, the Company entered into the PPA Amendment Agreement, whereby the Agreement Year that was ending on 20 July 2021 was extended by seventy five (75) days to 04 October 2021. Therefore, the existing term of the PPA Agreement has been extended by seventy five days to twenty five years and seventy five days ending on 04 October 2035.
- **1.4** Geographical location and addresses of all business units are as follows:

Business units Address

Registered office 31-Q, Gulberg II, Lahore

Office (under renovation) House No. 59, Shadman Colony-II, Lahore

Power station Jamber Kalan, Tehsil Pattoki, District Kasur, Punjab

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated:

## 2.1 Basis of preparation

#### a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

## b) Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in respective accounting policies.

#### c) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements or where judgments were exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

#### Income tax

In making the estimates for income tax currently payable by the Company, the management takes into account the current income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. Instances where the Company's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingent liabilities.

#### Useful lives, pattern of economic benefits and impairment

Estimates with respect to residual values and useful lives and pattern of flow of economic benefits are based on the analysis of the management of the Company. Further, the Company reviews the value of the assets for possible impairments on an annual basis. If such indication exists assets recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. Any change in the estimates in the future might affect the carrying amount of respective item of property, plant and equipment, with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

#### **Provisions**

As the actual outflows can differ from estimates made for provisions due to changes in laws, regulations, public expectations, technology, prices and conditions, and can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to take account of such changes. Any adjustments to the amount of previously recognised provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of cost of an asset.



### Revenue from contract with customer involving sale of electricity (Note 2.28)

#### **Contingencies**

The Company reviews the status of all pending litigations and claims against the Company. Based on the judgment and the advice of the legal advisors for the estimated financial outcome, appropriate disclosure or provision is made. The actual outcome of these litigations and claims can have an effect on the carrying amounts of the liabilities recognized at the statement of financial position date.

## d) Amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in current year and are relevant to the Company

Following amendments to published approved accounting standards are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2022:

- Amendments to IAS 16 'Property, Plant and Equipment' Proceeds before Intended Use;
- Amendments to IAS 37 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets' Onerous Contracts
   Cost of Fulfilling a Contract which amended IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements';
- Annual improvements to IFRS standards 2018-2020 which amended IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and IFRS 16 'Leases';
- 'Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendment to IFRS 3)' published by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) with amendments to IFRS 3 'Business Combinations'.

The above-mentioned amendments to approved accounting standards did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior period and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

## e) Amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in current year but not relevant to the Company

There are amendments to published standards that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

## f) Amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective but relevant to the Company

Following amendments to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2023 or later periods:

Classification of liabilities as current or non-current (Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements') effective for the annual period beginning on or after 01 January 2023. These amendments in the standards have been added to further clarify when a liability is classified as current. The standard also amends the aspect of classification of liability as non-current by requiring the assessment of the entity's right at the end of the reporting period to defer the settlement of liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. An entity shall apply those amendments retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors'.

Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and IFRS Practice Statement 2 'Making Materiality Judgement') effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2023. These amendments are intended to help preparers in deciding which accounting policies to disclose in their financial statements. Earlier, IAS 1 states that an entity shall disclose its

'significant accounting policies' in their financial statements. These amendments shall assist the entities to disclose their 'material accounting policies' in their financial statements.

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to IAS 12 'Income taxes') effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2023. These amendments clarify how companies account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations.

Change in definition of Accounting Estimate (Amendments to IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors) effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. This change replaced the definition of Accounting Estimate with a new definition, intended to help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates.

On 31 October 2022, the IASB issued 'Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (Amendments to IAS 1)' to clarify how conditions with which an entity must comply within twelve months after the reporting period affect the classification of a liability. The amendments are effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2024.

On 22 September 2022, the IASB issued 'Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (Amendments to IFRS 16)' with amendments that clarify how a seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions that satisfy the requirements in IFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sale. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2024.

Amendments to IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' and IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' (deferred indefinitely) to clarify the treatment of the sale or contribution of assets from an investor to its associates or joint venture, as follows: require full recognition in the investor's financial statements of gains and losses arising on the sale or contribution of assets that constitute a business (as defined in IFRS 3 'Business Combinations'); require the partial recognition of gains and losses where the assets do not constitute a business, i.e. a gain or loss is recognized only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture. These requirements apply regardless of the legal form of the transaction, e.g. whether the sale or contribution of assets occur by an investor transferring shares in a subsidiary that holds the assets (resulting in loss of control of the subsidiary), or by the direct sale of the assets themselves.

The above amendments and improvements are likely to have no significant impact on the financial statements.

## g) Standards and amendments to approved published standards that are not yet effective and not considered relevant to the Company

There are other standards and amendments to published standards that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2023 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

#### 2.2 Property, plant and equipment

## 2.2.1 Operating fixed assets

Operating fixed assets, except freehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss. Freehold land is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss. Residual values and estimated useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date, with the effect of changes in estimate accounted for on prospective basis.

Depreciation on operating fixed assets, other than identifiable capital spares in plant and machinery, is



charged to statement of profit or loss on the straight line method so as to write off the cost of an asset over its estimated useful life at the annual rates mentioned in note 11.1 after taking into account their residual values. Depreciation on identifiable capital spares in plant and machinery is charged on the basis of number of hours used. Depreciation on additions is charged for the full month in which the asset is available for use and on deletion up to the month immediately preceding the deletion.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the period in which they are incurred.

An item of operating fixed assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

## 2.2.2 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less identified impairment losses, if any. All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work-in-progress. These are transferred to operating fixed assets as and when these are available for use.

## 2.2.3 Major spare parts and standby equipment

Major spare parts and stand-by equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when an entity expects to use them for more than one year. Transfers are made to relevant operating fixed assets category as and when such items are available for use.

#### 2.2.4 Intangible assets

Intangible assets, which are non-monetary assets without physical substance, are recognized at cost, which comprise purchase price, non-refundable purchase taxes and other directly attributable expenditures relating to their implementation and customization. After initial recognition, an intangible asset is carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized from the month, when these assets are available for use, using the straight line method, whereby the cost of the intangible asset is amortized over its estimated useful life over which economic benefits are expected to flow to the Company. The useful life and amortization method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

## 2.3 Leases - Exemption from requirements of IFRS 16 to the extent of Power Purchase Agreement (PPA)

Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide SRO 986(I)/2019 dated 02 September 2019 has granted exemption from the requirements of IFRS 16 'Leases' to all companies, which have entered into power purchase agreements before 01 January 2019. Therefore, the standard will not have any impact on the Company's financial statements to the extent of its PPA. For the remaining leases, the Company has assessed that the application of this standard does not have any material impact on these financial statements.

Under IFRS 16, the consideration required to be made by the lessee for the right to use the asset is to be accounted for as a finance lease. The Company's power plant's control due to purchase of total output by CPPA-G appears to fall under the scope of finance lease under IFRS 16. Consequently, if the Company were to follow IFRS 16 with respect to its PPA, the effect on the financial statements would be as follows:

De-recognition of property, plant and equipment	(8,756,042)	(9,152,742)
Recognition of lease debtor	5,993,442	4,255,616
De-recognition of trade debts	(2,377,037)	(556,913)
Decrease in un-appropriated profit at the beginning of the year Increase in profit for the year Decrease in un-appropriated profit at the end of the year	(5,454,039) 314,402 (5,139,637)	(5,843,387) 389,348 (5,454,039)

#### 2.4 Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognized at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (if any). Cost comprises of the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is shorter. Where the Company expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is charged over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities.

The Company has elected not to recognize a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are charged to income as incurred.

#### 2.5 Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognized at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognized at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are re-measured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is re-measured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of-use asset, or to statement of profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

#### 2.6 Investments and other financial assets

#### a) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:



- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortized cost

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

## b) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

#### **Debt instruments**

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

#### **Amortized cost**

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other income / (other expenses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

### Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVTOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses), interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other income / (other expenses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other income / (other expenses) and impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

### Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at FVTPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other income / (other expenses) in the period in which it arises.

#### **Equity instruments**

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value for financial instruments quoted in an active market, the fair value corresponds to a market price (level 1). For financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market, the fair value is determined using valuation techniques including reference to recent arm's length market transactions or transactions involving financial instruments which are substantially the same (level 2), or discounted cash flow analysis including, to the greatest possible extent, assumptions consistent with observable market data (level 3).

### Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVTOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

### Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Changes in the fair value of equity investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in other income / (other expenses) in the statement of profit or loss and as applicable.

Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

#### 2.7 Financial liabilities – Classification and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also included in profit or loss.

#### 2.8 Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVTOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For receivables other than those due from the Government of Pakistan, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

#### 2.9 Financial assets due from the Government of Pakistan

Financial assets due from the Government of Pakistan include trade debts and other receivables due from Central Power Purchasing Agency (Guarantee) Limited ('CPPA-G') under the PPA that also includes accrued amounts. SECP through SRO 67(I)/2023 dated 20 January 2023 has notified that, in respect of



companies holding financial assets due from the Government of Pakistan, the requirements contained in IFRS 9 with respect to application of Expected Credit Losses method shall not be applicable till financial year ending on or before 31 December 2024 and that such companies shall follow relevant requirements of IAS 39 in respect of above referred financial assets during the exemption period. Accordingly, the same continue to be reported as per the following accounting policy:

A provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all the amount due according to the original terms of the receivable.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that the financial asset is impaired. The financial asset is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the debtor is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization, and where observable data indicates that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults. The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the profit or loss. When the financial asset is uncollectible, it is written off against the provision. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to the profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

## 2.10 De-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

## a) Financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred, or it neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred asset. Any interest in such derecognized financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

#### b) Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability (or a part of financial liability) from its statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### 2.11 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the financial statements when there is a legal enforceable right to set off and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 2.12 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the functional currency). The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Figures are

rounded off to the nearest thousands of Pak Rupees.

### 2.13 Foreign currency transactions and translation

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are charged or credited to statement of profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are stated at fair value are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date when fair values are determined.

### 2.14 Employee benefits

#### **Short term obligations**

Liabilities for wages and salaries including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the statement of financial position.

#### **Defined contribution plan**

The Company operates a contributory provident fund scheme covering all regular employees. Equal monthly contributions are made by the Company and employees to the fund at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary of employees.

#### 2.15 Inventories

Inventories except for those in transit and furnace oil are valued principally at lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value. Materials in transit are stated at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon. Furnace oil is valued at lower of cost based on First-In First-Out (FIFO) method and net realizable value.

Net realizable value is determined on the basis of estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated cost of completion and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale. Provision for obsolete and slow moving inventories is made based on management's estimate.

#### 2.16 Stores and spares

Stores and spares are valued principally at weighted average cost except for items in transit which are stated at invoice plus other charges paid thereon till the reporting date while items considered obsolete are carried at nil value.

Provision for obsolescence of stores and spare parts wherever required, is made on the basis of management's best estimate of usability of items and considering the ageing analysis prepared on an item by item basis.

#### 2.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each



reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

### 2.18 Contingent assets

Contingent assets are disclosed when the Company has a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent assets are not recognized until their realization becomes certain.

#### 2.19 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation as a result of past events whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent liabilities are not recognized, only disclosed, unless the possibility of a future outflow of resources is considered remote. In the event that the outflow of resources associated with a contingent liability is assessed as probable, and if the size of the outflow can be reliably estimated, a provision is recognized in the financial statements.

#### 2.20 Taxation

#### 2.20.1 Current

The profits and gains of the Company derived from electric power generation are exempt from tax in terms of clause 132 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, subject to the conditions and limitations provided therein.

Under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Company is also exempt from levy of minimum tax on 'turnover' under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. However, full provision is made in the statement of profit or loss on income from sources not covered under the above clause at current rates of taxation after taking into account, tax credits and rebates available, if any.

#### 2.20.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of the taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Deferred tax has not been provided in these financial statements as the management believes that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future due to the fact that the Company remains exempt from taxation under clause 132 of Part I and clause 11A of Part IV of Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

#### 2.21 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts

are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

### 2.22 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Finance costs are accounted for on an accrual basis and are reported under accrued finance cost to the extent of the amount remaining unpaid.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

## 2.23 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 2.24 Trade debts

Trade debts are amounts due from CPPA-G in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement as referred to in note 2.28 and therefore are all classified as current. Trade debts are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Company holds the trade debts with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

### 2.25 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax.

## 2.26 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are initially recognized at fair value, which is normally the transaction cost and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 2.27 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to depreciation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment at each statement of financial position date or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount for which assets carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date. Reversals of the impairment losses are restricted to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if impairment losses had not been recognized. An impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss.

#### 2.28 Revenue recognition

Revenue shall be recognised when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service.

#### Sale of electricity

Revenue from the sale of electricity to CPPA-G, the sole customer of the Company, is recorded on the following basis:

- Capacity Purchase Price revenue is recognised over time, based on the capacity made available to CPPA-G, at rates as specified under the PPA with CPPA-G, as amended from time to time; and
- Energy Purchase Price revenue is recognised at a 'point in time', as and when the Net Electrical Output (NEO) are delivered to CPPA-G.

Capacity and Energy revenue is recognised based on the rates determined under the mechanism laid down in the PPA.

Invoices are generally raised on a monthly basis and are due after 30 days from acknowledgement by CPPA-G.

#### **Interest**

Delayed payment mark-up on amounts due under the PPA is accrued on a time proportion basis by reference to the amount outstanding and the applicable rate of return under the PPA.

#### **Dividend**

Dividend on equity investments is recognized when right to receive the dividend is established.

#### 2.29 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of fixed assets are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to profit or loss over the expected lives of the related assets.

#### 2.30 Earnings per share

The Company presents earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

## 2.31 Dividend and other appropriations

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are declared and other appropriations are recognized in the period in which these are approved by the Board of Directors.



#### 3 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP SHARE CAPITAL

2023	2022		2023	2022
(Number o	of shares)		(Rupees i	n thousand)
		Ordinary shares of Rupees 10		
367,346,939	367,346,939	each fully paid-up in cash	3,673,469	3,673,469

3.1 Nil (2022: 187,585,820) ordinary shares of the Company are held by Nishat (Chunian) Limited - associated company. Nishat (Chunian) Limited ceased to be the holding company with effect from 10 August 2022 as fully explained in note 1.2 to these financial statements.

## 3.2 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure and make adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or issue new shares. Consistent with others in the industry and the requirements of the lenders, the Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net borrowings divided by total equity. Net borrowings are calculated as total borrowings including current and non-current borrowings, as disclosed in notes 4 and 8 to these financial statements, less bank balances as disclosed in note 20 to these financial statements. Total capital employed includes equity as shown in the statement of financial position, plus net borrowings.

		2023	2022
	Note	(Rupees i	n thousand)
Long term financing		-	17,291
Short term borrowings		975,099	10,851,726
Less: Bank balances		1,406,359	21,034
Net (bank balances) / borrowings		(431,260)	10,847,983
Equity		24,262,057	23,978,963
Capital and net borrowings		23,830,797	34,826,946
Gearing ratio		0%	31.15%
4 LONG TERM FINANCING - SECURED			
From banking company			
Loan under State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) Refinance	ce Scheme 4.1	-	17,110
Less: Current portion shown under current liab	lities 9	-	(17,110)
		-	-

4.1 This term finance facility, aggregating to Rupees 68.866 million (2022: Rupees 68.866 million) was obtained by the Company from Bank Alfalah Limited under SBP refinance scheme for payment of wages and salaries to workers and employees of business concerns. This facility was secured against joint ownership of diminishing musharaka assets of the Company to the tune of Rupees 81.264 million, first joint parri passu charge on all the present and future current assets including fuel stocks, inventories, capacity and energy price payment receivables from CPPA-G and demand promissory notes by the Company. This finance facility was payable in 8 equal quarterly instalments commenced from 04 January 2021 and ended on 19 October 2022. Profit was payable quarterly at the rate of SBP refinance rate plus 1.5% and 3.00% per annum. This loan was recognized and measured in accordance with IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'. Fair value adjustment was recognized at discount rates ranged from 10.25% to 11.18% (2022: 10.25% to 11.18%) per annum.

		Note	<b>2023</b> (Rupees in	<b>2022</b> n thousand)
5	DEFERRED INCOME - GOVERNMENT GRANT			
	Opening balance		181	2,497
	Amortized during the year	25	(181) -	(2,316) 181
	Current portion shown under current liabilities	9	-	(181)
			-	-

5.1 The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), through its Circular No. 06 of 2020 dated 10 April 2020 introduced a temporary refinance scheme for payment of wages and salaries to the workers and employees of business concerns (the Refinance Scheme). The refinance scheme was funded by SBP. Borrowers could obtain loans from the banks and ease their cash flow constraints to avoid layoffs. One of the key feature of the refinance scheme was that borrowers could obtain loan at mark-up rates that were below normal lending rates. As per International Accounting Standard (IAS) 20 'Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance', the benefit of a Government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a Government Grant. The Company obtained this loan as disclosed in note 4 to the financial statements. In accordance with IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' loan obtained under the refinance scheme was initially recognised at its fair value which is the present value of loan proceeds received, discounted using prevailing market rates of interest for a similar instrument. Hence, the benefit of the below-market rate of interest has been measured as the difference between the initial carrying value of the loan determined in accordance with IFRS 9 and the proceeds received. This benefit was accounted for and presented as deferred grant in accordance with IAS 20. The grant has been amortised in the statement of profit or loss, in line with the recognition of interest expense the grant was compensating.

		Note	<b>2023</b> (Rupees in	<b>2022</b> in thousand)
6	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Creditors		1,075,191	86,245
	Accrued liabilities		67,341	81,795
	Workers' profit participation fund payable	6.1	849,699	651,841
	Workers' welfare fund	6.2	271,538	192,395
	Income tax deducted at source		1,563	3,389
	Sales tax payable		76,025	-
	Others		80	80
			2,341,437	1,015,745

		Note	<b>2023</b> (Rupees in	<b>2022</b> thousand)
6.1	Workers! profit participation fund payable		` '	,
0.1	Workers' profit participation fund payable			
	Balance as at 01 July		651,841	526,607
	Allocation for the year	17.1	197,858	125,234
			849,699	651,841
	Payments made during the year		-	-
	Balance as at 30 June		849,699	651,841
6.2	Workers' welfare fund			
	Balance as at 01 July		192,395	142,301
	Provision for the year	17.2	79,143	50,094
	•		271,538	192,395
	Payments made during the year		-	_
	Balance as at 30 June		271,538	192,395
7	ACCRUED MARK-UP / PROFIT			
	Short term borrowings - secured		174,095	202,300
8	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS			
	From banking companies and financial instit	cutions - secured		
	Running finances	8.1	-	6,177,017
	Term finances	8.2	_	-
	Running musharakah and murabaha	8.3	975,099	4,674,709
			975,099	10,851,726

- 8.1 These running finance facilities are obtained from commercial banks under mark-up arrangements amounting to Rupees 7,335.113 million (2022: Rupees 7,340 million) which remained unutilized at the end of reporting period. These facilities carry mark-up rates ranging from one month to three months KIBOR plus 0.00% to 2.00% (2022: one month to three months KIBOR plus 0.00% to 2.00%) per annum payable quarterly. These facilities are secured against first joint pari passu hypothecation charge on the present and future current assets of the Company including fuel stocks, inventories and total receivables from CPPA-G. The mark-up rate charged during the year on the outstanding balance ranged from 12.72% to 23.98% (2022: 7.70% to 15.31%) per annum.
- 8.2 The term finance facilities are obtained from financial institutions under mark-up arrangement amounting to Rupees 900 million (2022: Rupees 900 million) which remained unutilised at the end of the reporting period. These facilities are secured against first joint pari passu charge on present and future current assets of the Company including fuel stocks, inventories and total receivables from CPPA-G. These facilities carry at mark-up rates of three months KIBOR plus 2.00% (2022: three months KIBOR plus 2.00% to 2.50%) payable on quarterly basis. The mark-up rate charged during the year on the outstanding balance was 19.06% (2022: 9.45% to 12.52%) per annum.
- 8.3 These murabaha and musharaka facilities are obtained from Islamic banks aggregating to Rupees 5,749.210 million (2022: Rupees 5,324.562 million) at profit rates ranging from one month to six months KIBOR plus 0.05% to 1.50% (2022: one month to six months KIBOR plus 0.15% to 1.50%) per annum.

Profit on murabaha is payable at the maturity of the respective murabaha transaction, whereas, the profit on musharaka is payable monthly / quarterly on the balance outstanding. These facilities are secured against first joint pari passu hypothecation charge on the present and future current assets of the Company comprising of fuel stocks, inventories and total receivables from CPPA-G. The profit rate charged during the year on the outstanding balance ranges from 14.31% to 22.98% (2022: 7.76% to 15.16%) per annum.

		Note	<b>2023</b> (Rupees in	<b>2022</b> n thousand)
9	CURRENT PORTION OF NON-CURRENT LIA	BILITIES		
	Long term financing	4	-	17,110
	Deferred income - Government grant	5	-	181
			-	17,291

#### 10 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

## 10.1 Contingencies

## 10.1.1 Contingent liabilities:

i) Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue ('ACIR') has raised a demand of Rupees 1,161.548 million through its order dated 28 November 2013 by disallowing input sales tax for the tax periods from July 2010 to June 2012. Such amount was disallowed on the grounds that the revenue derived by the Company on account of 'capacity purchase price' was against a non-taxable supply and thus, the entire amount of input sales tax claimed by the Company was required to be apportioned with only the input sales tax attributable to other revenue stream i.e. 'energy purchase price' admissible to the Company.

Against the aforesaid order, the Company preferred an appeal on 09 December 2013 before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) ['CIR(A)'] who vacated the ACIR's order on the issue regarding apportionment of input sales tax. However, CIR(A) did not adjudicate upon the Company's other grounds of appeal. Consequently, the Company preferred an appeal on 17 March 2014 before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue ('ATIR') on the issues not adjudicated upon by the CIR(A) and the Federal Board of Revenue ('tax department') also preferred an appeal on 08 May 2014 before the ATIR against the CIR(A)'s order. The ATIR decided the case in favour of the Company on 11 September 2018. However, the tax department filed a sales tax reference with Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore against the decision. On 31 March 2022, the Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore set aside the ATIR's judgment and remanded back the case to determine whether payments made against capacity purchase price constitute a taxable or non-taxable supply and to treat the input sales tax adjustment accordingly. Being aggrieved by the decision of the Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore, the Company filed leave for appeal before the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan on 20 May 2022. On 30 September 2022, Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan accepted the application of leave for appeal, stayed the impugned judgment of Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore and restricted the tax department to take any adverse action against the Company till the disposal of appeal which is pending adjudication.

Furthermore, the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue ('DCIR') issued a show cause notice on 12 November 2014 whereby intentions were shown to raise a sales tax demand of Rupees 1,093.262 million by disallowing input sales tax claimed by the Company for the tax periods from July 2010 to June 2012 on similar grounds as explained above. The Company agitated the initiation of such proceedings through institution of a writ petition before the Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore on 23 July 2015. The Honourable Lahore High Court disposed of the petition in the Company's favour through its order dated 31 October 2016, by stating that there is no supply being made against capacity purchase price, hence, there is no existence of an "exempt supply". Accordingly, the Company is free to reclaim or deduct input

tax under the relevant provisions of Sales Tax Act, 1990. However, the tax department filed a review petition before the Honourable Lahore High Court on 09 January 2017 and an appeal before the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan on 24 November 2017 against the aforementioned Honourable Lahore High Court's order, both of which are pending adjudication.

For the period July 2013 to June 2014, Company's case was selected for audit by the tax department, which selection was objected to, on jurisdictional basis, by Company by way of filing a writ petition before the Honourable Lahore High Court on 20 November 2015. While, the Honourable Lahore High Court has allowed the tax department to proceed with audit proceedings, it has been directed that no adjudication order, consequent to conduct of audit, shall be passed after confronting the audit report. The audit proceedings were completed by the tax department during the financial year 2016 and audit report thereof was submitted to the Company seeking explanations in regard to the issues raised therein. In the subject audit report, an aggregate amount of Rupees 631.769 million primarily including a disallowance of input sales tax of Rupees 622.263 million has been confronted on same grounds as explained above. The Honourable Lahore High Court through its order dated 09 January 2017 has allowed initiation of adjudication proceedings after issuance of audit report. On 17 May 2017, the DCIR issued a showcause notice as to why sales tax of the aforesaid amount of Rupees 631.769 million alongwith default surcharge should not be recovered from the Company. The Company filed a representation in this regard with the Chairman, Federal Board of Revenue. The Chairman, Federal Board of Revenue disposed of the case on the grounds that it did not invoke any provision of section 7 of the FBR Act 2007 as no issue of misadministration is involved therein. The Company then challenged the show cause notice before the Honourable Lahore High Court. The Honourable Lahore High Court declared on 09 November 2018 that the show cause notice was issued without having jurisdiction.

The tax department filed appeal before the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan. The Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan decided the appeal in favour of tax department. On 21 January 2021, DCIR issued notice to the Company requiring to submit reply of the show cause notice. The Company duly submitted its reply to the show cause notice. On 03 June 2021, DCIR passed an order wherein aggregate demand of Rupees 1,326.682 million including penalty and default surcharge was raised. The Company being aggrieved with the order of DCIR, preferred an appeal before the CIR(A). On 31 December 2021, CIR(A) passed an order wherein the disallowance of input sales tax amounting to Rupees 1.164 million has been confirmed and the remaining amount involved has been annulled / deleted. Being aggrieved by the decision of CIR(A), the Company has filed an appeal before ATIR. No further notice has been served by the department against the order passed by CIR(A). The management based on the advice of its legal counsel, has strong grounds to believe that the cases will be decided in favour of the Company. Therefore, no provision has been made in these financial statements.

ii) During the year ended 30 June 2019, the Commissioner Inland Revenue ('CIR') has raised a demand of Rupees 104.977 million against the Company through his order dated 16 April 2019, mainly on account of input tax claimed on inadmissible expenses in sales tax return for the various tax periods and sales tax default on account of suppression of sales related to various tax periods. The Company filed application for grant of stay before the ATIR against recovery of the aforesaid demand that was duly granted. Further, the Company has filed appeals before CIR(A) and ATIR against the order. The ATIR decided the case against the Company vide its order dated 06 May 2020. The Company has filed sales tax reference before the Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore which is pending adjudication. During the year ended 30 June 2021, the Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore on an application of the Company has provided interim relief by restricting tax department from taking any coercive action against the Company subject to furnishing of the bank guarantee of disputed amount, that was duly provided by the Company. Management based on the advice of its legal counsel, has strong grounds to believe that the case will be decided in favour of the Company. Therefore, no provision has been made in these financial statements.

iii) An amendment order dated 31 August 2017 was issued by the DCIR under section 122 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for tax year 2014 whereby income tax of Rupees 191.536 million was levied on other income, interest on delayed payments from CPPA-G, minimum tax on capacity sales, scrap sales and sale proceeds of fixed assets' disposal, and workers' welfare fund (WWF) was also levied of Rupees

12.946 million. Against the aforesaid order, the Company preferred an appeal on 25 September 2017 before the CIR(A) and the learned CIR(A) passed an order on 02 February 2018, declaring that the levy of income tax on interest on delayed payments from CPPA-G and minimum tax on capacity sales is not justified, while directing the Company to pay income tax aggregating to Rupees 1.466 million on profit on debt, miscellaneous income, capital gain on disposal of securities, minimum tax on scrap sales and fixed assets' disposal and WWF of Rupees 4.552 million. The Company and tax department both have filed appeals on 08 March 2018 and 26 March 2018 respectively, before the ATIR against the order of CIR(A). ATIR decided the case in favour of tax department and dismissed Company's appeal to grant relief. Further, all relieves granted by CIR(A) have been vacated and original order of DCIR has been upheld. The Company, being aggrieved by the ATIR's decision, filed income tax reference before the Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore which is pending adjudication. The Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore vide its interim order dated 25 January 2021 provided interim relief to the Company and suspended the order of ATIR subject to furnishing of the bank guarantee of disputed amount that was duly provided by the Company.

Further, another amendment order dated 15 December 2014 was issued by Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue (ACIR) under section 122 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for tax year 2013 whereby income tax of Rupees 25.340 million was levied on interest income and minimum tax on capacity sales and disallowed the tax credit under section 65B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 amounting to Rupees 4.027 million. Against the aforesaid order, the Company preferred an appeal before CIR(A) on 23 January 2015 and the learned CIR(A) passed an order on 03 April 2015, declaring that income tax on interest income and minimum tax on capacity sales is not justified, while upheld to disallow the tax credit under section 65B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Company and tax department both filed appeals before the ATIR against the order of CIR(A). ATIR vide its order dated 24 February 2023 remanded back the case, in the matter of tax credit to the ACIR, whereas upheld the decision of CIR(A) in remaining matters. No remand back proceedings have been initiated by the ACIR. No further notice has been been served by the department against the order passed by ATIR.

Moreover, another amendment order dated 13 June 2018 was issued by the ACIR under section 122 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for tax year 2012 and subsequently, rectification order dated 27 June 2018 under section 221 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 was issued whereby income tax of Rupees 50.063 million was levied mainly comprising minimum tax on capacity sales. The Company filed an appeal on 26 July 2018 before the CIR(A) against the aforesaid orders. The CIR(A), through its order dated 12 September 2018, decided the case in favour of the Company. However, the tax department has filed an appeal before the ATIR against the order of the CIR(A) which is pending adjudication.

An amendment order dated 31 January 2023 was issued by the ACIR under section 122 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for tax year 2019 whereby income tax of Rupees 63.606 million was levied on account of minimum tax on capacity sales. On 10 February 2023, the Company has filed an appeal before the CIR(A) against the aforesaid order which is pending adjudication.

The management considers that there exist meritorious grounds to defend the Company's stance and the ultimate decision from the appellate authorities would be in the Company's favour. Consequently, no provision has been made in these financial statements.

iv) For the period from July 2015 to June 2016, the Company's case was selected for sales tax audit by the tax department. The tax department conducted the audit and the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue - Audit [DCIR (Audit)] issued the audit report on 18 September 2019 in which observations involving sales tax amounting to Rupees 530.207 million were raised and comments were sought thereon from the management of the Company. The main observation was apportionment of sales tax which is already decided in favour of the Company by the Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore in the previous case. The Company submitted detailed reply on all the observations. DCIR (Audit) has further issued a show cause notice to the Company on 08 October 2019 with the same amount. The Company submitted detailed reply of the show cause notice but DCIR (Audit) issued final order on 27 November 2019 involving sales tax amounting to Rupees 530.207 million. The Company filed an appeal before CIR(A) against the

above mentioned order of the DCIR (Audit). The CIR(A) vide its order dated 04 March 2020 accepted the stance of the Company on main observation of apportionment of sales tax and remanded back the case for rest of observations to DCIR (Audit). However, no remand back proceedings have been initiated by DCIR (Audit).

v) On 19 April 2021, DCIR issued show cause notice to the Company involving Rupees 223.773 million on account of input sales tax on capacity purchase price claimed by the Company for the period from July 2017 to January 2021. The Company challenged the jurisdiction of DCIR to issue show cause notice before the Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore. On 31 May 2021, the Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore directed the Company to file the reply of show cause notice issued by DCIR and ordered the DCIR to first determine the jurisdiction as raised by the Company. The Company filed its reply to show cause notice to DCIR. DCIR determined its jurisdiction to be lawful. On 03 August 2021, the DCIR passed an order whereby a demand of Rupees 223.773 million was raised against the Company. Against the aforesaid order of DCIR, the Company preferred an appeal before CIR(A). In its order dated 10 November 2021, CIR(A) remanded back the case to DCIR. Since the CIR(A) remanded back the case without hearing the merits, therefore, the Company has also filed an appeal before ATIR which is pending adjudication. The management based on the advice of its legal counsel, has strong grounds to believe that the case will be decided in favour of the Company. Therefore, no provision has been made in these financial statements.

vi) During the year ended 30 June 2019, National Electric Power Regulatory Authority (NEPRA) initiated suo moto proceedings against the Company and other Independent Power Producers (IPPs) on the profits earned by the companies since Commercial Operation Date (COD). The Company filed suit in Islamabad High Court and was provided an interim relief whereby the Court suspended the suo moto proceedings and whereas the suit is still pending adjudication. Based on the facts and law, the Company expects no outflow at this stage and consequently, no provision has been made in these financial statements.

vii) On 28 April 2022, National Electric Power Regulatory Authority (NEPRA) issued a notice of hearing to all the RFO based IPPs under the 2002 Power Policy regarding application of highest lab tested Calorific Value (CV) for calculation of CV adjustment instead of average CV as per existing mechanism The Company vide its letter dated 16 May 2022 replied to NEPRA to refrain from re-initiating the subject proceedings which has already been finalized and implemented by NEPRA vide its letter dated 01 September 2021. Contrary to the reply of the Company, NEPRA held its hearing on 17 May 2022 and verbally directed to the Company to provide its comments in 15 days failing which the proceedings would be concluded on ex-parte basis. Against the directions of NEPRA, the Company filed a petition in Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore on 06 June 2022, for restraining NEPRA to take any adverse action in this regard, which is pending adjudication. The Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore vide its interim order dated 06 June 2022, suspended the impugned notice of hearing. On 18 November 2022, NEPRA determined that although it is approving CV adjustment computed on the basis of average of two CV results, however, the said CV adjustment shall be subject to the final outcome of the suit pending before Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore. The management based on the advice of its legal counsel, has strong grounds to believe that the case will be decided in favour of the Company. Further, its financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this stage, therefore, no provision has been made in these financial statements.

viii) In March 2020, Committee for the Power Sector Audit, Circular Debt Resolution and Future Roadmap constituted by Ministry of Energy alleged that savings were made by the 'IPPs', including the Company, in the tariff components. On 11 February 2021, the Company and CPPA-G have signed "Master Agreement" and "PPA Amendment Agreement" wherein it has been agreed that the abovementioned dispute will be resolved through arbitration under the 'Arbitration Submission Agreement' between the Company and GoP. On 15 November 2021, the Company has authorized GoP / CPPA-G to retain Rupees 8,360 million of its trade debts (note 16) until the Arbitration Tribunal renders the Award which shall be final and binding. During the year ended 30 June 2023, Arbitration Tribunal has been constituted under the terms of 'Arbitration Submission Agreement', however formal adaptation of mutually agreed Terms of

Reference is in process. Management believes that there are strong grounds that the matter will ultimately be decided in Company's favour. Furthermore, its financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this stage, hence, no provision in this respect has been made in these financial statements.

ix) Letter of guarantees of Rupees 345.179 million (2022: Rupees 339.774 million) are given by the banks of the Company to Director, Excise and Taxation, Karachi under direction of Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan in respect of suit filed for levy of infrastructure cess, Collector of Customs under the direction of Honourable Lahore High Court, Lahore in respect of suit filed for custom duty, Federal Board of Revenue and Punjab Revenue Authority in respect of stay granted by various Courts of Pakistan pertaining to pending tax cases and infrastructure development cess respectively.

		Note	<b>2023</b> (Rupees i	<b>2022</b> n thousand)
10.2	Commitments			
	Commitments in respect of other than capital expenditure		418,877	318,468
11	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets	11.1	8,792,326	9,189,900
	Capital work-in-progress	11.2	44,308	12,067
	Major spare parts and standby equipment	11.3	642,148	259,037
			9,478,782	9,461,004

Reconciliation of carrying amounts of operating fixed assets at the beginning and at the end of the year is as follows: 11.1

Description	Freehold land	Buildings on freehold land	Plant and machinery	Electric installations	Electric Computer installations equipment	Office equipment	Office Furniture equipment and fixtures	Vehicles	TOTAL
				Rup	Rupees in thousand	and			
At 30 June 2021	71 017	196 778	17 486 648	4 510	16.459	37 530	1 009	59 222	17 873 173
Accumulated depreciation	0.	(82,263)	(8,060,785)	(3,326)	(14,680)	(36,974)	(952)	(48,571)	(8,247,551)
Net book value	71,017	114,515	9,425,863	1,184	1,779	256	22	10,651	9,625,622
Year ended 30 June 2022									
Opening net book value	71,017	114,515	9,425,863	1,184	1,779	256	22	10,651	9,625,622
Additions	153,228	12,769	311,600	394	1,994	187	226	28,965	509,363
Disposals / derecognitions: Cost	1		(121,291)	'	(1.126)	1		(37.204)	(159.621)
Accumulated depreciation	1	1	121,291	1	1,074	'	1	37,158	159,523
	1	ı	1		(52)	ı	ı	(46)	(86)
Depreciation charge for the year	1	(8,803)	(927,446)	(223)	(1,118)	(100)	(32)	(7,265)	(944,987)
Closing net book value	224,245	118,481	8,810,017	1,355	2,603	643	251	32,305	9,189,900
At 30 June 2022									
Cost	224,245	209,547	17,676,957	4,904	17,327	37,717	1,235	50,983	18,222,915
Accumulated depreciation	1	(91,066)	(8,866,940)	(3,549)	(14,724)	(37,074)	(984)	(18,678)	(9,033,015)
Net book value	224,245	118,481	8,810,017	1,355	2,603	643	251	32,305	9,189,900
Year ended 30 June 2023									
Opening net book value	224,245	118,481	8,810,017	1,355	2,603	643	251	32,305	9,189,900
Additions	1	ı	358,691	295	2,478	1,060	1	6,656	369,180
Disposals / derecognitions:									
Cost	1	1	(140,870)	1	(473)	ı	ı	(1,438)	(142,781)
Accumulated depreciation	1	1	140,870	-	471		1	1,186	142,527
	1	1	1	1	(2)	1	1	(252)	(254)
Depreciation charge for the year	-	(10,654)	(744,737)	(276)	(1,402)	(210)	(26)	(9,195)	(766,500)
Closing net book value	224,245	107,827	8,423,971	1,374	3,677	1,493	225	29,514	8,792,326
At 30 June 2023									
Cost	224,245	209,547	17,894,778	5,199	19,332	38,777	1,235	56,201	18,449,314
Accumulated depreciation	•	(101,720)	(9,470,807)	(3,825)	(15,655)	(37,284)	(1,010)	(26,687)	(9,656,987)
Net book value	224,245	107,827	8,423,971	1,374	3,677	1,493	225	29,514	8,792,326
Annual rate of depreciation (%)		4 to 20	3.96 to 10 and number of	10	30	10 to 30	10	20	
			hours						

- **11.1.1** All items of operating fixed assets disposed of during the year had net book value of less than Rupees 500,000. Vehicles and computer equipment having net book value of Rupees 0.252 million and Rupees 0.002 million respectively have been sold at Rupees 0.584 million and Rupees 0.152 million respectively as per Company policy.
- **11.1.2** Particulars of immovable properties (i.e. land and buildings) are as follows:

Description	Address	Area of land	Covered area of buildings
Power station	Jambar Kalan, Tehsil Pattoki,	99,527	19,782
	District Kasur, Punjab	Square Meters	Square Meters
Office (under renovation)	House No. 59, Shadman	2 Kanal, 16 Marla	4,486
	Colony-II, Lahore	and 155 Square Feet	Square Feet

- **11.1.3** Fixed assets having cost of Rupees 899.069 million (2022: Rupees 795.938 million) which are fully depreciated but still in the use of the Company.
- **11.1.4** The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

			2023	2022
		Note	(Rupees in thousand)	
	Cost of sales	22	758,106	939,857
	Administrative expenses	23	8,394	5,094
			766,500	944,951
11.2	Capital work-in-progress			
	Plant and machinery		-	2,067
	Advance for purchase of vehicle		44,308	10,000
			44,308	12,067

## 11.2.1 Movement in capital work in progress is as follows:

	Plant and machinery	Advance for purchase of vehicle	Total
	(Rupe	ees in thousand	d)
As at 30 June 2021	1,844	-	1,844
Add: Additions during the year	311,823	10,000	321,823
Less: Transferred to operating fixed assets during the year	(311,600)	-	(311,600)
As at 30 June 2022	2,067	10,000	12,067
Add: Additions during the year	259,037	44,308	303,345
Less: Adjustments during the year	(2,067)	(10,000)	(12,067)
Less: Transferred to operating fixed assets during the year	(259,037)	-	(259,037)
As at 30 June 2023	-	44,308	44,308

12.2 Intangible assets having cost of Rupees 23.952 million (2022: Rupees 23.952 million) are fully amortized and are still in use.

		Note	<b>2023</b> (Rupees i	<b>2022</b> n thousand)
13	LONG TERM LOAN TO AN EMPLOYEE			
	Considered good:			
	Executive	13.1	981	1,674
	Current portion shown under current assets	17	(693)	(693)
			288	981

**13.1** Reconciliation of carrying amount of loan to chief executive officer:

		2023	2022
	Note	(Rupees in t	housand)
Balance as at 01 July		1,674	2,367
Add: Interest accrued during the year	25	101	91
		1,775	2,458
Less: Repaid during the year		(794)	(784)
Balance as at 30 June		981	1,674

- **13.1.1** Maximum aggregate balance due from chief executive officer at the end of any month during the year was Rupees 1.617 million (2022: Rupees 2.307 million).
- This represents house loan to chief executive officer as per Company's policy and is recoverable within a period of ten years commencing from the date of disbursement through monthly deductions from salaries. The loan was sanctioned and disbursed to chief executive officer in the previous years when he was not the Company's chief executive officer. This carry interest at the rate ranging from 6.42% to 8.75% (2022: 4.15% to 5.36%) per annum. This loan is secured against the accumulated provident fund balance of the relevant employee. The fair value adjustment in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' is not considered material and hence not recognized.

#### 14 STORES AND SPARES

14.1 These include stores in transit of Rupees Nil (2022: Rupees 47.969 million). Most of the items of stores and spares are of interchangeable nature and can be used as machine spares or consumed as stores. Accordingly, it is not practicable to distinguish stores from spares until their actual usage.

		<b>2023</b> (Rupees i	<b>2022</b> n thousand)
15	INVENTORIES		
	Furnace oil Diesel	774,048 4,018	2,226,797 4,408
	Lubricating oil	30,856	23,483
		808,922	2,254,688
16	TRADE DEBTS		
	Other than related parties - considered good	13,747,743	13,718,135

- 16.1 These represent trade receivables from CPPA-G and are considered good. These are secured by a guarantee from the Government of Pakistan (GOP) under the Implementation Agreement and are in the normal course of business and interest free, however, delayed payment mark-up at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 2.00% per annum for first sixty days and three months KIBOR plus 4.50% per annum after first sixty days, each compounded semi-annually, is charged in case the amounts are not paid within due dates. The rate of delayed payment mark-up charged during the year on outstanding amounts ranged from 16.80% to 26.58% (2022: 11.53% to 19.53%) per annum. Trade debts include unbilled receivables of Rupees 4,958.202 million (2022: Rupees 483.601 million)
- An amount of Rupees 966.166 million was included in trade debts in previous years relating to capacity revenue not acknowledged by NTDC/CPPA-G. Resolution of the matter was fully explained in note 17.2 to the published annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022. During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Company and CPPA-G have jointly made submissions before the Honourable Lahore High Court for the withdrawal of the enforcement proceedings. Resultantly, on 12 January 2023, the Honourable Lahore High Court has allowed the Company and CPPA-G to withdraw the enforcement proceedings.

2023 2022 (Rupees in thousand)

16.3	As at 30 June, age analysis of trade debts is as follows:		
	Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired:	5,227,485	8,705,605
	- 1 to 30 days	853,957	2,848,960
	- 31 to 90 days	1,019,436	2,163,570
	- 91 to 180 days	2,725,940	-
	- 181 to 365 days	3,920,925	-
	- Above 365 days	-	-
		8,520,258	5,012,530
		13,747,743	13,718,135

## 17 LOANS, ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

			2023	2022
		Note	(Rupees i	n thousand)
	Current maturity of long term loan to an employee	13	693	693
	Advances to suppliers - unsecured and considered good		48,455	366,311
	Advances against letters of credit		81,609	27,135
	Advances to employees against salaries		17	53
	Advances to employees against expenses		-	136
	Sales tax receivable		-	242,035
	Margin against bank guarantees		27,984	26,356
	Prepayments		2,395	1,188
	Recoverable from CPPA-G as pass through item:			
	Workers' profit participation fund	17.1	849,699	651,841
	Workers' welfare fund	17.2	271,538	192,395
	Private Power and Infrastructure Board's fee		22,378	-
	Others		3,977	2,055
			1,308,745	1,510,198
17.1	Workers' profit participation fund			
	Opening balance		651,841	526,607
	Allocation for the year	6.1	197,858	125,234
			849,699	651,841
	Amount received during the year		-	-
	Closing balance		849,699	651,841
17.2	Workers' welfare fund			
	Opening balance		192,395	142,301
	Allocation for the year	6.2	79,143	50,094
	•		271,538	192,395
	Amount received during the year		_	-
	Closing balance		271,538	192,395



#### 18 ADVANCE INCOME TAX - NET OF PROVISION FOR TAXATION

			2023	2022
		Note	(Rupees i	n thousand)
	Advance income tax		46,223	62,257
	Less: Provision for taxation		(626)	(943)
			45,597	61,314
19	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS			
	Debt instruments	19.1	348,585	8,587,738
	Equity instrument	19.2	13,185	21,810
			361,770	8,609,548
19.1	Debt instruments			
	At fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):			
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	19.1.1	-	2,923,927
	Government Ijara Sukuks	19.1.1	-	2,923,744
			-	5,847,671
	At amortized cost:			
	Term Deposit Receipts	19.1.2 & 19.1.3	-	2,731,004
	Government Treasury Bills	19.1.4 & 19.1.5	307,263	-
	Add: Interest accrued thereon		41,322	9,063
			348,585	2,740,067
			348,585	8,587,738

- 19.1.1 Investment in Pakistan Investment Bonds carried effective interest rate of 15.65% per annum and had maturity date of 18 June 2030. Further, investment in Government Ijara Sukuks carried effective interest rate of 13.53% per annum and had maturity date of 27 April 2027. These were classified as current assets based on management's intention to encash these investments within a period of 12 months from year end. During the year ended 30 June 2023, these investments have been encashed at Rupees 5,806.225 million.
- **19.1.2** These include term deposit receipt amounting to Rupees Nil (2022: Rupees 307.260 million) under lien with the bank of the Company against bank guarantees issued by the bank.
- **19.1.3** Effective rate of interest charged on term deposit receipts during the year ranged from 11.50% to 15.50% per annum (2022: 7.30% to 15.50%) per annum.
- 19.1.4 These carry interest rate ranging from 15.80% to 15.89% (2022: Nil) per annum.
- **19.1.5** Government Treasury Bill having maturity period of 12 months and having face value of Rupees 307.265 million (2022: Rupees Nil) is under lien with the bank of the Company against bank guarantees issued by the bank.

			2023	2022
		Note	(Rupees i	n thousand)
19.2	Equity instrument			
	At fair value through profit or loss			
	Quoted - other than related party:			
	Adamjee Life Assurance Company Limited 956,174 (2022: 956,174) fully paid ordinary shares			
	of Rupees 10 each		26,773	26,773
	Less: Unrealized loss on remeasurement of investment			
	at fair value through profit or loss		(13,588)	(4,963)
			13,185	21,810
20	BANK BALANCES			
	Cash with banks on:			
	Saving accounts	20.1	1,404,784	872
	Current accounts		1,575	20,162
			1,406,359	21,034

20.1 Saving accounts carry profit at the rates ranging from 4.50% to 21.35% (2022: 5.29% to 12.25%) per annum.

		Note	2023 (Rupees i	<b>2022</b> n thousand)
21	REVENUE FROM CONTRACT WITH CUSTOMER			
	Energy purchase price revenue - net	21.1	12,471,080	21,375,370
	Capacity purchase price revenue Delayed payment mark-up		3,557,418 2,192,313	2,384,061 1,656,546
			18,220,811	25,415,977

**21.1** Energy purchase price revenue is net of sales tax amounting to Rupees 2,173.798 million (2022: Rupees 3,649.964 million).

			2023	2022
		Note	(Rupees in thousand)	
22	COST OF SALES			
	Raw materials consumed		11,513,685	20,177,248
	Salaries and other benefits	22.1	165,820	152,194
	Stores and spares consumed		244,110	255,505
	Electricity consumed in-house		38,833	14,839
	Insurance		349,379	228,579
	Travelling and conveyance		37,300	24,992
	Postage and telephone		5,555	3,800
	Repair and maintenance		22,301	17,980
	Entertainment		169	159
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets	11.1.4	758,106	939,857
	Amortization on intangible assets	12	-	604
	Fee and subscription		5,311	4,296
	Miscellaneous		22,282	38,252
			13,162,851	21,858,305

23.1 Salaries and other benefits include Rupees 6.695 million (2022: Rupees 6.015 million) in respect of provident fund contribution by the Company.

		Note	2023 (Rupees i	<b>2022</b> n thousand)
23	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Salaries and other benefits	23.1	51,994	64,493
	Travelling and conveyance		5,830	5,435
	Entertainment		2,150	2,288
	Common facilities cost	23.2	19,800	19,800
	Printing and stationery		935	796
	Postage and telephone		742	1,411
	Insurance		629	689
	Vehicles' running		762	1,824
	Utilities		176	36
	Repairs and maintenance		96	67
	Legal and professional		55,012	67,040
	Auditor's remuneration	23.3	4,209	3,292
	Advertisement		140	134
	Fee and subscription		2,873	1,414
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets	11.1.4	8,394	5,094
	Miscellaneous		2,476	2,707
			156,218	176,520

- 23.1 Salaries and other benefits include Rupees 2.374 million (2022: Rupees 2.271 million) in respect of provident fund contribution by the Company.
- 23.2 The amount represents common facilities cost charged to the Company by Nishat (Chunian) Limited associated company.

		2023	2022
	Note	(Rupees	in thousand)
23.3	Auditor's remuneration		
	Statutory audit	2,214	1,925
	Half yearly review	1,085	1,013
	Certifications required by various regulations	829	290
	Out of pocket expenses	81	64
		4,209	3,292
24	OTHER EXPENSES		
	Donations 24.1	72,550	128,500
	Loss on disposal of Pakistan Investment Bonds and		
	Government Ijara Sukuks	41,446	19,300
	Exchange loss	65,634	-
	Stores and spares written off	1,149	-
	Unrealized loss on remeasurement of investment at fair		
	value through profit or loss	8,625	4,963
		189,404	152,763

24.1 These include Rupees 72.500 million (2022: Rupees 127.500 million) paid to Saleem Memorial Trust Hospital, Lahore - related party. Directors of the former holding company and now associated company are also directors of Saleem Memorial Trust Hospital.

		Note	<b>2023</b> (Rupees i	<b>2022</b> n thousand)
25	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets:			
	Profit on:			
	Bank deposits		12,499	2,324
	Term Deposit Receipts		6,842	25,962
	Gain on disposal of Government Treasury Bills		-	19,548
	Interest on Government Treasury Bills		41,322	-
	Interest on long term loan to an employee	13.1	101	91
	Income from non-financial assets:			
	Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets		482	29,167
	Amortization of deferred income - Government grant	5	181	2,316
	Scrap sales		50,073	70,892
	Insurance claim		1,081	4,986
	Miscellaneous		558	488
	Other:			
	Exchange gain		-	4,718
			113,139	160,492



			2023	2022
		Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
26	FINANCE COST			
	Mark-up / profit on:			
	Long term financing		245	2,964
	Short term borrowings		861,656	877,266
	Bank charges and commission		6,413	3,975
			868,314	884,205
27	TAXATION			
	Current tax - for the year	27.1	626	943
	Current tax - prior year		(26)	-
			600	943

27.1 Total income of the Company except other income is exempt from levy of income tax under Clause 132 of Part I and Clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Other income is calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The numerical reconciliation between the average tax rate and the applicable tax rate has been given as follows:

2023 2022 (Rupees in thousand)

		(Rupees in thousand)			
	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit				
	Profit before taxation	3,957,163	2,504,676		
	Tax at the applicable rate of 29% (2022: 29%)  Tax effect of amounts that are:	1,147,577	726,356		
	Exempt as referred to in note 27.1	(1,147,577)	(726,356)		
	Normal tax	-	26		
	Minimum tax	626	886		
	Capital gains	-	31		
	Prior year adjustment	(26)	-		
		600	943		
		2023	2022		
28	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED				
	There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share which is based on:				
	Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders (Rupees in thousand)	3,956,563	2,503,733		
	Weighted average number of shares (Number)	367,346,939	367,346,939		
	Earnings per share - basic and diluted (Rupees)	10.77	6.82		

	Note	•	<b>2023</b> (Rupees i	<b>2022</b> n thousand)
29	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS			
	Profit before taxation		3,957,163	2,504,676
	Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:			
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets		766,500	944,951
	Amortization on intangible assets		-	604
	Amortization of deferred income - Government grant		(181)	(2,316)
	Profit on bank deposits		(12,499)	(2,324)
	Profit on Term Deposit Receipts		(6,842)	(25,962)
	Gain on disposal of Government Treasury Bills		-	(19,548)
	Interest on Government Treasury Bills		(41,322)	-
	Finance cost		868,314	884,205
	Exchange loss / (gain)		65,634	(4,718)
	Loss on disposal of Pakistan Investment Bonds and			
	Government Ijara Sukuks		41,446	19,300
	Unrealized loss on remeasurement of investment at fair			
	value through profit or loss		8,625	4,963
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(482)	(29,167)
	Stores and spares written off		1,149	-
	Working capital changes 29.1		2,693,193	4,381,591
			8,340,698	8,656,255
29.1	Working capital changes			
	(Increase) / decrease in current assets:			
	Stores and spares		(184,476)	(52,546)
	Inventories		1,445,766	(1,385,962)
	Trade debts		(29,608)	6,723,809
	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		201,453	(639,693)
			1,433,135	4,645,608
	Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables		1,260,058	(264,017)
			2,693,193	4,381,591

29.2 Reconciliation of movement of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities is as follows:

		2023			
	Liabilit	Liabilities from financing activities			
	Long term	Unclaimed	Total		
	financing	dividend			
		(Rupees in thousand	)		
Balance as at 01 July 2022	17,110	16,563	33,673		
Repayment of financing / borrowings	(17,291)	-	(17,291)		
Dividend declared	-	3,673,469	3,673,469		
Dividend paid	-	(3,655,501)	(3,655,501)		
Other change - Non-cash movement	181	-	181		
Balance as at 30 June 2023	-	34,531	34,531		



	2022			
	Liabili	Liabilities from financing activities		
	Long term	Long term Unclaimed Tot		
	financing	dividend		
		(Rupees in thousand)		
Balance as at 01 July 2021	49,409	18,276	67,685	
Repayment of financing / borrowings	(34,615)	-	(34,615)	
Dividend paid	-	(1,713)	(1,713)	
Other change - Non-cash movement	2,316	-	2,316	
Balance as at 30 June 2022	17,110	16,563	33,673	

## 30 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration including all benefits to Chief Executive Officer, Directors and Executives of the Company is as follows:

	<b>Chief Executive Officer</b>		Non-executive Directors		Executives	
	2023 2022 2023 2022		2023	2022		
			(Rupees in thousand) -			
Managerial remuneration	7,000	6,000	-	_	38,656	30,896
Bonus	-	8,467	-	-	5,292	11,181
Allowances						
Housing rent	2,800	2,400	-	-	15,462	12,358
Medical expenses	700	600	-	-	3,866	3,090
Leave encashment	444	389	-	-	1,442	1,385
Meeting fee	80	80	500	420	-	-
Contribution to provident						
fund trust	583	500	-	-	3,220	2,574
	11,607	18,436	500	420	67,938	61,484
Number of persons	1	1	7	7	19	8

#### 31 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties include former holding company, associated undertakings of the former holding company, related parties on the basis of common directorship, key management personnel of the Company and its former holding company and post employment benefit plan (Provident Fund). Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that company. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Details of transactions with related parties, except for remuneration to key management personnel as discussed in note 30, are as follows:

2023 2022

(Rupees in thousand)

Nature of relationship	Nature of transactions		
Former Holding company *			
Nishat (Chunian) Limited	Common facilities cost Reimbursement of expenses Income sharing	2,129 227 61	19,800 3,975 -
Associated company*			
Nishat (Chunian) Limited	Common facilities cost Income sharing	17,671 497	-
Associated company of former holding company*			
Saleem Memorial Trust Hospital	Donations paid	72,500	127,500
Key management personnel			
Chief executive officer and chief financial officer	Repayment of long term loan	693	693
	Mark-up on long term loan	101	91
Chief executive officer	Sale of vehicle and laptop	-	1,412
Other related parties			
Mr. Shahzad Saleem	Consultancy charges	47,633	49,961
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf	Dividend paid	-	-
Ms. Samina Aslam	Dividend paid	5	-
Mr. Muhammad Azam	Dividend paid	5	-
Mr. Farrukh Ifzal	Dividend paid	4	-
Mr. Babar Ali Khan	Dividend paid	1	-
Mr. Mustaqeem Talish	Dividend paid	1	-
Mr. Rehmat Naveed Ilahi	Dividend paid	593	-
Post employment benefit plan	Company's contribution to		
	provident fund trust	9,069	8,286

<sup>\*</sup>Nishat Chunian Limited ceased to be the holding company and became an associated company on the basis of common directorship with effect from 10 August 2022.



i)

**31.1** The related parties with whom the company had entered into transactions or had arrangements/agreements in place during the year have been disclosed below along with their basis of relationship:

Name of the related party		Fransaction entered or agreement and / or arrangement in place during the financial year	Percentage of shareholding held by the Company
Nishat (Chunian) Limited	Common directorship	Yes	None
Saleem Memorial Trust Hospital	Associated company of		
	former holding company	Yes	None
Saleem Memorial Foundation			
(Formerly Mian Muhammad			
Yahya Trust)	Common trusteeship	No	None
Nishat (Aziz Avenue) Hotels and			
Properties Limited	Common directorship	No	None
Nishat Hospitality (Private) Limited	Common directorship	No	None
Nishat (Raiwind) Hotels and			
Properties Limited	Common directorship	No	None
Nishat Hotels and			
Properties Limited	Common directorship	No	None
Nishat Real Estate Development			
Company (Private) Limited	Common directorship	No	None
Lalpir Power Limited	Common directorship	No	None
Security General Insurance			
Company Limited	Common directorship	No	None
Quaid-e-Azam Thermal			
Power Limited	Common directorship	No	None
Pakgen Power Limited	Common directorship	No	None
DL Nash (Private) Limited	Common directorship	No	None
Nishat Mills Limited	Director of the Company is		
	key management personnel	No	None
Nishat Chunian Properties			
(Private) Limited	Common directorship	No	None
Nishat Chunian Power Limited -			
Employees Provident Fund	Post employment benefit Pla	an Yes	None
Mr. Muhammad Ashraf	Director	Yes	None
Ms. Samina Aslam	Director	Yes	None
Mr. Muhammad Azam	Director	Yes	None
Mr. Babar Ali Khan	Director	Yes	None
Mr. Mustaqeem Talish	Director	Yes	None
Mr. Rehmat Naveed Ilahi	Director	Yes	None
Mr. Farrukh Ifzal	Chief Executive	Yes	None
Mr. Shahzad Saleem	Advisor to the board of direct	ctors Yes	None

#### 32 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

		2023	2022
	Number of employees as on June 30	149	153
	Average number of employees during the year	151	151
		2023 MWH	2022 MWH
33	CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION		
	Installed capacity [based on 8,760 hours (2022: 8,760 hours)]	1,714,525	1,714,525
	Actual energy delivered	386,127	882,453

Output produced by the plant is dependent on the load demanded by CPPA-G and plant availability.

#### 34 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 34.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, other price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programmed focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the Company's finance department under policies approved by the Board of Directors (the Board). The Company's finance department evaluates and hedges financial risks. The Board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as currency risk, other price risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and investment of excess liquidity. All treasury related transactions are carried out within the parameters of these policies.

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

The Company is exposed to currency risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the British Pound Sterling (GBP) and Euro. As on reporting date, the Company's foreign exchange risk exposure is restricted to payables only. The Company's exposure to currency risk was as follows:



	2023	2022
Trade and other payables - GBP - Euro Net exposure - GBP Net exposure - Euro	(94) - (94)	(7,790) (8,210) (7,790) (8,210)
The following significant exchange rates were applicable during the year:		
Rupees per GBP Average rate Reporting date rate	306.75 365.40	237.88 249.00
Rupees per Euro Average rate Reporting date rate	267.16 314.27	201.44 215.00

#### Sensitivity analysis

If the functional currency, at reporting date, had weakened / strengthened by 5% against the GBP and EURO with all other variables held constant, the impact on profit after taxation for the year would have been Rupees 0.002 million (2022: Rupees 0.185 million) respectively lower / higher, mainly as a result of exchange losses / gains on translation of foreign exchange denominated financial instruments. Currency risk sensitivity to foreign exchange movements has been calculated on a symmetric basis. The sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of inherent currency risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

#### (ii) Other price risk

Other price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instrument traded in the market. The Company is not exposed to commodity price risks.

#### **Sensitivity analysis**

The table below summarizes the impact of increase / decrease in the Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX) Index on the Company's profit after taxation for the year. The analysis is based on the assumption that the equity index had increased / decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant and the Company's equity instrument moved according to the historical correlation with the index:

Index	Impact on pi	Impact on profit after taxation		
	2023	2022		
	(Rupees in thousand)			
PSX (5% increase)	659	1,091		
PSX (5% decrease)	(659)	(1,091)		

#### (iii) Interest rate risk

This represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company's interest rate risk arises from bank balances in saving accounts, short term investments, past due trade debts, long term loan to an employee, long term financing and short term borrowings. Financial instruments at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. Financial instruments, if any, at fixed rate expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk.

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

2023 2022 (Rupees in thousand)

Fixed rate instruments		
Financial assets		
Trade debts - past due	8,369,040	4,751,628
Other receivables	22,378	-
Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs)	-	2,923,927
Government Ijara Sukuks	-	2,923,744
Government Treasury Bills	307,263	-
Term Deposit Receipts	-	2,731,004
Financial liabilities		
Loan under SBP Refinance Scheme	-	(17,110)
	8,698,681	13,313,193
Floating rate instruments		
Financial assets		
Long term loan to an employee	981	1,674
Bank balances - saving accounts	1,404,784	872
Financial liabilities		
Short term borrowings	(975,099)	(10,851,726)
	430,666	(10,849,180)
Net exposure	9,129,347	2,464,013

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss as on 30 June 2023. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss of the Company.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

If interest rates at the reporting date, fluctuates by 1% higher / lower with all other variables held constant, profit after taxation for the year would have been Rupees 4.307 million higher / lower (2022: Rupees 108.492 million lower / higher), mainly as a result of higher / lower interest income on bank balances (2022: higher / lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings). This analysis is prepared assuming the amounts of assets and liabilities outstanding at reporting dates were outstanding for the whole year.



#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	2023	2022
	(Rupees in thousand)	
Long term loan to an employee	981	1,674
Long term security deposit	100	100
Trade debts	13,747,743	13,718,135
Advances, deposits and other receivables	1,175,593	872,700
Short term investments	361,770	8,609,548
Bank balances	1,406,359	21,034
	16,692,546	23,223,191

Age analysis of trade debts as at reporting date is given in Note 16.3.

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (If available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate:

•	Short Term	Rating Long Term	Agency	2023 (Rupees in	2022 thousand)
CPPA-G		Not available		5,227,485	8,705,605
Short term investment					
State Bank of Pakistan				307,263	5,847,671
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	-	315,294
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	-	2,424,773
Adamjee Life Assurance					
Company Limited	A++	(ifs)	PACRA	13,185	21,810
Banks					
Al-Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A-1	A+	VIS	1	2
Askari Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	88	1,208
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	3	300
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	19	18,920
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	433	503
National Bank of Pakistan	A1+	AAA	PACRA	1,404,560	1
Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limite	ed A-1+	AA	VIS	1	-
Bank Islami Pakistan Limited	A1	AA-	PACRA	496	1
Faysal Bank Limited	A-1+	AA	VIS	-	-
Meezan Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	639	1
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	116	98
MCB Islamic Bank Limited	A1	Α	PACRA	3	-
				1,406,359	21,034
				6,954,292	17,336,187

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly the credit risk is minimal.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. As 30 June 2023, the Company had Rupees 14,014.398 million (2022: Rupees 3,712.836 million) available borrowing limits from financial institutions, Rupees 1,000 million (2022: Rupees 1,000 million) available borrowing limit from former holding company and now associated company [Nishat (Chunian) Limited] and Rupees 1,406.359 million (2022: Rupees 21.034 million) bank balances to meet the short-term funding requirements due to delay in payments by CPPA-G. Management believes the liquidity risk to be low. Following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including mark-up / profit payments. The amounts disclosed in the table are undiscounted cash flows:

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at 30 June 2023:

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash lows		6-12 months	1-2 years	More than 2 years
			(Rupees in	thousand)		
Non-derivative financial lia	bilities:					
Trade and other payables	1,142,612	1,142,612	1,142,612	-	-	-
Accrued mark-up / profit	174,095	174,095	174,095	-	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	34,531	34,531	34,531	-	-	-
Short term borrowings	975,099	1,102,677	-	1,102,677	-	-
	2,326,337	2,453,915	1,351,238	1,102,677	-	-

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at June 30, 2022:

		Contractual cash lows	6 months or less	6-12 months	1-2 years	More than 2 years
			(Rupees in	thousand)		
Non-derivative financial lia	bilities:					
Long term financing	17,110	17,355	17,355	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	168,120	168,120	168,120	-	-	-
Accrued mark-up / profit	202,300	202,300	202,300	-	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	16,563	16,563	16,563	-	-	-
Short term borrowings	10,851,726	11,596,921	4,658,194	6,938,727	-	_
	11,255,819	12,001,259	5,062,532	6,938,727	-	-

The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of interest rates / mark up rates effective as at 30 June. The rates of mark-up / profit have been disclosed in note 4 and note 8 to these financial statements.

#### 34.2 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

As on reporting date, recognized financial instruments are not subject to off setting as there are no enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.



		2023	
	At amortized cost (F	At fair valur through profit or loss Rupees in thousand)	Total
Financial assets			
Long term loan to an employee	981	-	981
Long term security deposit	100	-	100
Trade debts	13,747,743	-	13,747,743
Advances, deposits and other receivables	1,175,593	-	1,175,593
Short term investments	348,585	13,185	361,770
Bank balances	1,406,359	-	1,406,359
	16,679,361	13,185	16,692,546

	At amortized cost	2022 At fair valur through profit or loss	Total
	(F	Rupees in thousand	d)
Financial assets			
Long term loan to an employee	1,674	-	1,674
Long term security deposit	100	-	100
Trade debts	13,718,135	-	13,718,135
Advances, deposits and other receivables	872,700	-	872,700
Short term investments	2,740,067	5,869,481	8,609,548
Bank balances	21,034	-	21,034
	17,353,710	5,869,481	23,223,191
		Financial liabilities	at amortized cost
		2023	2022
		(Rupees in	thousand)
Financial liabilities			
Long term financing		_	17,110
Trade and other payables		1,142,612	168,120
Accrued mark-up / profit		174,095	202,300
Unclaimed dividend		34,531	16,563
Short term borrowings		975,099	10,851,726
•		2,326,337	11,255,819

#### Reconciliation to the line items presented in the statement of financial position is as follows: 34.4

		2023	
	Financial assets	Non-financial assets	Total as per statement of Financial Position
		(Rupees in thousand)	Timanolar Footion
Assets			
Long term loan to an employee	288	-	288
Long term security deposit  Trade debts	100 13,747,743	-	100 13,747,743
Loans, advances, deposits,	10,7 47,7 40		10,7 47,7 40
prepayments and other receivables	1,176,286	132,459	1,308,745
Short term investments	361,770	-	361,770
Bank balances	1,406,359 16,692,546		1,406,359 16,825,005
		= =====================================	
		2023	
	Financial liabilities	Non-financial liabilities	Total as per statement of
		(Rupees in thousand)	Financial Position
Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	1,142,612	1,198,825	2,341,437
Accrued mark-up / profit Unclaimed dividend	174,095 34,531	-	174,095 34,531
Short term borrowings	975,099	- -	975,099
S	2,326,337	1,198,825	3,525,162
		2022	<b>-</b>
	Financial assets	Non-financial assets	Total as per statement of
		(Rupees in thousand)	Financial Position
Assets			
Long term loan to an employee	981	-	981
Long term security deposit Trade debts	100 13,718,135	-	100 13,718,135
Loans, advances, deposits,	13,7 10,133	-	13,7 10,133
prepayments and other receivables	873,393	636,805	1,510,198
Short term investments	8,609,548	-	8,609,548
Bank balances	21,034 23,223,191	636,805	21,034 23,859,996
		= :	
		2022	
	Financial liabilities	Non-financial liabilities	Total as per statement of
		(Rupees in thousand)	Financial Position
Liabilities		( impress in measure)	
Long term financing	17,110	-	17,110
Trade and other payables	168,120	847,625	1,015,745
Accrued mark-up / profit Unclaimed dividend	202,300 16,563	<del>-</del>	202,300 16 563
Short term borrowings	10,851,726	-	16,563 10,851,726
	11,255,819	847,625	12,103,444
		= =====================================	

#### 35 RECOGNIZED FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (i) Fair value hierarchy

Judgements and estimates are made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognised and measured at fair value in these financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the following three levels. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Recurring fair value measurements at 30 June 2023	Level 1 Level 2 (Rupees in thousa		Level 3 sand)	Total
Financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	13,185	-	-	13,185
Recurring fair value measurements at 30 June 2022	Level 1 (Re	Level 2 upees in thou	Level 3 sand)	Total
Financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	21,810	5,847,671	-	5,869,481

The above table does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value. Due to short term nature, carrying amounts of certain financial assets and financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair value. For the majority of the non-current receivables, the fair values are also not significantly different to their carrying amounts.

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 for recurring fair value measurements during the year. Further there was no transfer in and out of level 3 measurements.

The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

**Level 1:** The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

**Level 2:** The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

**Level 3:** If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities.

#### (ii) Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments.

#### 36 UNUTILIZED CREDIT FACILITIES

	Non-funded		Fun	ded	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	(Rupees in thousand)		(Rupees in	thousand)	
Total facilities	1,638,969	1,258,730	14,984,322	14,633,428	
Utilized at the end of the year	764,057	662,020	969,924	10,920,592	
Unutilized at the end of the year	874,912	596,710	14,014,398	3,712,836	

#### 37 PROVIDENT FUND

The investments by the provident fund in collective investment schemes, listed equity and debt securities have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the conditions specified thereunder.

#### 38 SEGMENT INFORMATION

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of single reportable segment. Revenue from sale of electricity relates to CPPA-G, the Company's sole customer in Pakistan. All non-current assets of the Company as at reporting date are located in Pakistan.

#### 39 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Board of Directors of the Company has proposed final cash dividend for the year ended 30 June 2023 of Rupees Nil per share (2022: Rupees 10 per share). However, this event has been considered as non-adjusting event under IAS 10 'Events after Reporting Period' and has not been recognized in these financial statements.

2023 2022 (Rupees in thousand)

#### 40 DISCLOSURES BY COMPANY LISTED ON ISLAMIC INDEX

Loans 975,099 4,674,709 Advances 5 Shariah compliant bank deposits / bank balances Bank balances 1,140 5 Profit earned from shariah compliant bank deposits / bank balances Profit on deposits with banks 987 150 Revenue earned from shariah compliant business segment 16,028,498 23,759,431 Gain / (loss) or dividend earned from shariah compliant investments Loss incurred (9,475) (10,636)
Advances Shariah compliant bank deposits / bank balances  Bank balances 1,140 5  Profit earned from shariah compliant bank deposits / bank balances  Profit on deposits with banks 987 150  Revenue earned from shariah compliant business segment 16,028,498 23,759,431  Gain / (loss) or dividend earned from shariah compliant investments
Shariah compliant bank deposits / bank balances  Bank balances 1,140 5  Profit earned from shariah compliant bank deposits / bank balances  Profit on deposits with banks 987 150  Revenue earned from shariah compliant business segment 16,028,498 23,759,431  Gain / (loss) or dividend earned from shariah compliant investments
Bank balances 1,140 5  Profit earned from shariah compliant bank deposits / bank balances  Profit on deposits with banks 987 150  Revenue earned from shariah compliant business segment 16,028,498 23,759,431  Gain / (loss) or dividend earned from shariah compliant investments
Profit earned from shariah compliant bank deposits / bank balances Profit on deposits with banks  Revenue earned from shariah compliant business segment  Gain / (loss) or dividend earned from shariah compliant investments
Profit on deposits with banks 987 150  Revenue earned from shariah compliant business segment 16,028,498 23,759,431  Gain / (loss) or dividend earned from shariah compliant investments
Revenue earned from shariah compliant business segment 16,028,498 23,759,431 Gain / (loss) or dividend earned from shariah compliant investments
Gain / (loss) or dividend earned from shariah compliant investments
Loss incurred (9.475) (10.636)
(9,47 <i>5</i> ) (10,000)
Dividend earned
Exchange gain earned - 4,718
Mark-up paid on Islamic mode of financing 346,144 356,410
Profits earned or interest paid on any conventional loan or advance
Profits earned 11,512 2,174
Interest paid on loans 543,780 562,039



#### Relationship with shariah compliant banks

#### Name Relationship

MCB Islamic Bank Limited

Meezan Bank Limited

Bank balance and short term borrowings

Bank Islami Pakistan Limited

Bank balance and short term borrowings

Bank balance and short term borrowings

#### 41 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison. However, no significant re-arrangements have been made.

#### 42 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on August 30, 2023 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### 43 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees, unless otherwise stated.

## PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

**AS ON JUNE 30, 2023** 

Number of	Sharel	Shareholdings		Percentage of	
Shareholders	From	То	Shares Held	Total Capital	
2813	1	100	60,178	0.02	
2066	101	500	752,081	0.20	
1423	501	1000	1,202,916	0.33	
2499	1001	5000	6,920,985	1.88	
812	5001	10000	6,401,684	1.74	
313	10001	15000	4,007,617	1.09	
235	15001	20000	4,263,736	1.16	
150	20001	25000	3,499,630	0.95	
108	25001	30000	3,042,251	0.83	
72	30001	35000	2,386,354	0.65	
63	35001	40000	2,435,200	0.66	
49	40001	45000	2,112,808	0.58	
91	45001	50000	4,479,860	1.22	
36	50001	55000	1,906,794	0.52	
23	55001	60000	1,349,320	0.37	
19	60001	65000	1,195,816	0.33	
37	65001	70000	2,521,385	0.69	
20	70001	75000	1,465,470	0.40	
21	75001	80000	1,650,537	0.45	
5	80001	85000	420,768	0.11	
6	85001	90000	529,249	0.14	
13	90001	95000	1,205,957	0.33	
41	95001	100000	4,076,161	1.11	
11	100001	105000	1,119,595	0.30	
12	105001	110000	1,295,166	0.35	
6	110001	115000	676,531	0.18	
9	115001	120000	1,069,164	0.29	
4	120001	125000	500,000	0.14	
5	125001	130000	644,021	0.18	
7	130001	135000	937,385	0.26	
8	135001	140000	1,099,808	0.30	
3	140001	145000	432,292	0.12	
7	145001	150000	1,039,644	0.28	
4	150001	155000	611,350	0.17	
7	155001	160000	1,106,269	0.30	
2	160001	165000	327,500	0.09	
5	165001	170000	842,681	0.23	
5	170001	175000	858,364	0.23	
1	175001	180000	180,000	0.05	
3	180001	185000	550,000	0.15	
2	185001	190000	377,500	0.10	
1	190001	195000	192,500	0.05	
11	195001	200000	2,194,305	0.60	
3	200001	205000	606,450	0.17	
2	205001	210000	414,200	0.11	
5	210001	215000	1,062,156	0.29	
1	215001	220000	219,171	0.06	
2	220001	225000	446,919	0.12	
1	225001	230000	226,037	0.06	
8	230001	235000	1,866,138	0.51	
			,		

Shareholders  7 2 1 2	From 245001 250001	То	Shares Held	Total Capital
2 1 2				
2 1 2		250000	1,746,000	0.48
1 2		255000	508,456	0.14
2			1	
	255001	260000	258,500	0.07
	270001	275000	547,000	0.15
2	275001	280000	558,091	0.15
2	280001	285000	567,262	0.15
3	285001	290000	861,775	0.23
2	290001	295000	587,000	0.16
8	295001	300000	2,392,513	0.65
5	300001	305000	1,508,305	0.41
1	305001	310000	306,000	0.08
1	310001	315000	312,488	0.09
2	315001	320000	634,261	0.17
2	320001	325000	643,500	0.18
1	325001	330000	330,000	0.09
1	340001	345000	345,000	0.09
2	350001	355000	703,098	0.19
2	360001	365000	726,998	0.20
1	365001	370000	370,000	0.10
1	370001	375000	371,187	0.10
2	375001	380000	758,122	0.21
3	390001	395000	1,175,610	0.32
5	395001	400000	2,000,000	0.54
1	405001	410000	406,000	0.11
1	415001	420000	419,000	0.11
1	420001	425000	425,000	0.12
2	425001	430000	859,000	0.23
1	445001	450000	450,000	0.12
i	450001	455000	451,556	0.12
1	460001	465000	464,500	0.13
2	470001	475000	943,000	0.26
1	480001	485000	482,107	0.13
1	485001	490000	489,281	0.13
2	490001	495000	983,305	0.27
5	495001	500000	2,500,000	0.68
1	515001	520000	518,000	0.14
i	530001	535000	532,583	0.14
2	545001	550000	1,100,000	0.30
1	575001	580000	580,000	0.16
1	590001	595000	590,973	0.16
2	595001	600000	1,200,000	0.33
1	630001	635000	633,583	0.17
1	650001	655000	653,066	0.17
1	655001	660000	660,000	0.18
1	670001	675000	671,868	0.18
1	680001	685000	682,225	0.19
1	690001	695000	694,500	0.19
1	715001	720000	720,000	0.19
1	740001	745000	740,500	0.20
1	750001 750001	755000	740,500 751,534	0.20
1	765001 765001	770000	769,853	0.21
1	770001	775000	769,653	0.21
1	770001 795001	800000	800,000	0.21
1	835001		1	0.22
		840000	838,122	
1	840001	845000	840,246	0.23
1	900001	905000	904,591	0.25

Number of	Share	Shareholdings		Percentage of		
Shareholders	From	То	Shares Held	Total Capital		
1	915001	920000	919,896	0.25		
3	995001	1000000	3,000,000	0.82		
1	1000001	1005000	1,001,000	0.27		
1	1035001	1040000	1,036,603	0.28		
1	1045001	1050000	1,050,000	0.29		
1	1095001	1100000	1,100,000	0.30		
2	1120001	1125000	2,247,395	0.61		
1	1200001	1205000	1,200,546	0.33		
1	1260001	1265000	1,261,000	0.34		
1	1270001	1275000	1,273,079	0.35		
1	1390001	1395000	1,392,000	0.38		
1	1495001	1500000	1,500,000	0.41		
1	1525001	1530000	1,527,786	0.42		
1	1550001	1555000	1,554,656	0.42		
1	1660001	1665000	1,665,000	0.45		
1	1770001	1775000	1,775,000	0.48		
1	1900001	1905000	1,903,000	0.52		
1	1920001	1925000	1,920,250	0.52		
1	1990001	1995000	1,995,000	0.54		
1	2000001	2005000	2,001,220	0.54		
1	2030001	2035000	2,031,079	0.55		
1	2035001	2040000	2,037,926	0.55		
1	2420001	2425000	2,425,000	0.66		
1	2765001	2770000	2,766,500	0.75		
1	3095001	3100000	3,100,000	0.84		
1	3280001	3285000	3,284,537	0.89		
1	3350001	3355000	3,355,000	0.91		
1	3660001	3665000	3,663,000	1.00		
1	4015001	4020000	4,016,500	1.09		
1	4405001	4410000	4,409,988	1.20		
1	4535001	4540000	4,537,164	1.24		
1	4555001	4560000	4,558,112	1.24		
1	5415001	5420000	5,415,500	1.47		
1	6390001	6395000	6,390,943	1.74		
1	6810001	6815000	6,812,455	1.85		
1	6860001	6865000	6,862,000	1.87		
1	7210001	7215000	7,212,500	1.96		
1	9235001	9240000	9,236,024	2.51		
1	11165001	11170000	11,166,000	3.04		
1	13065001	13070000	13,069,802	3.56		
1	13375001	13380000	13,379,786	3.64		
1	13415001	13420000	13,417,045	3.65		
1	16300001	16305000	16,301,547	4.44		
1	64810001	64815000	64,811,981	17.64		
11,198			367,346,939	100.00		
•			· '			



## CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS

**AS ON JUNE 30, 2023** 

Directors, Chief Executive Officer and their spouse and minor children	Categories of Shareholders	No. of Shareholder	Shares Held	Percentage
1 FARRUKH IFZAL         391         0.0001           2 MUHAMMAD AZAM         500         0.0001           4 BABAR ALI KHAN         109         0.0000           5 MUSTAQEEM TALISH         588         0.0000           6 REHMAT NAVEED ELAHI         59,346         0.0162           7 MR. MUHAMMAD ASHRAF         1         0.0000           Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties:           1 TRUSTEES NISHAT CHUNIAN POWER LTD. EMP. PRVDNT. FUND TRUST         102,342         0.0279           2 TRUSTEE-NISHAT (CHUNIAN) LTD-EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND TRUST         919,896         0.2504           NIT & ICP         3         4,376         0.0012           Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking         1         5,072,026         1.3807           Insurance Companies         1         5,072,026         1.3807           Insurance Companies         8         6,143,201         1.6723           General Public           Local:         10951         261,904,463         71.2962           Foreign:         10         198,364         0.0540           Total         11198         367,346,939         100.0000    Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:  N	Directors Chief Evecutive Officer and their spause and min	or children		
2 MUHAMMAD AZAM   500   0.0001		or crinaren	301	0.0001
3 SAMINA ASLAM       500       0.0001         4 BABAR ALI KHAN       109       0.0000         5 MUSTAQEEM TALISH       58       0.0010         6 REHMAT NAVEED ELAHI       59,346       0.0162         7 MR. MUHAMMAD ASHRAF       1       0.0000         Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties:         1 TRUSTEES NISHAT CHUNIAN POWER LTD. EMP. PRVDNT. FUND TRUST       102,342       0.0279         2 TRUSTEE-NISHAT (CHUNIAN) LTD-EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND TRUST       919,896       0.2504         NIT & ICP       3       4,376       0.0012         Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking         Financial Instituations:       25       45,004,445       12.2512         Modarabas and Mutual Funds       11       5,072,026       1.3807         Insurance Companies       8       6,143,201       1.6723         General Public         Local:       10951       261,904,463       71.2962         Foreign:       10       198,364       0.0540         Total       11198       367,346,939       100.0000         Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:         NR. Shareholder       Shares Held <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
4 BABAR ALI KHAN       109       0.0000         5 MUSTAQEEM TALISH       58       0.0000         6 REHMAT NAVEED ELAHI       59,346       0.0162         7 MR. MUHAMMAD ASHRAF       1       0.0000         Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties:         1 TRUSTEES NISHAT CHUNIAN POWER LTD. EMP. PRVDNT. FUND TRUST       102,342       0.0279         2 TRUSTEE-NISHAT (CHUNIAN) LTD-EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND TRUST       919,896       0.2504         NIT & ICP       3       4,376       0.0012         Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking         Financial Instituations:       25       45,004,445       12.2512         Modarabas and Mutual Funds       11       5,072,026       1.3807         Insurance Companies       8       6,143,201       1.6723         General Public         Local:       10951       261,904,463       71.2962         Foreign:       10       198,364       0.0540         Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Colspan="3">Col				
5 MUSTAQEEM TALISH         58         0.0000           6 REHMAT NAVEED ELAHI         59,346         0.0162           7 MR. MUHAMMAD ASHRAF         1         0.0000           7 FO.905         0.0166           ASSOCIATED TO SUBJECT OF MIT OF				
6 REHMAT NAVEED ELAHI         59,346         0.0162           7 MR. MUHAMMAD ASHRAF         1         0.0000           Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties:           1 TRUSTEES NISHAT CHUNIAN POWER LTD. EMP PRVDNT. FUND TRUST         102,342         0.0279           2 TRUSTEE-NISHAT (CHUNIAN) LTD-EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND TRUST         919,896         0.2504           NIT & ICP         3         4,376         0.0012           Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking           Financial Instituations:         25         45,004,445         12.2512           Modarabas and Mutual Funds         11         5,072,026         1.3807           Insurance Companies         8         6,143,201         1.6723           Cecal:         10951         261,904,463         71.2962           Foreign:         10         198,364         0.0540           Others         181         47,936,921         13.0495           Total         11198         367,346,939         100.0000           Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:           Name of Shareholder         Shares Held         Percentage           MR. SHAHZAD SALEEM         17,6433         17,6433				
7         MR. MUHAMMAD ASHRAF         1         0.0000           Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties:           1         TRUSTEES NISHAT CHUNIAN POWER LTD. EMP. PRVDNT. FUND TRUST PIND TR				
Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties: 1			•	
Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties: 1 TRUSTEES NISHAT CHUNIAN POWER LTD. EMP. PRVDNT. FUND TRUST 919,896 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.2504 0.	7 (11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.	7	-	
1 TRUSTEES NISHAT CHUNIAN POWER LTD. EMP. PRVDNT. FUND TRUST P19,896         0.2504           2 TRUSTEE-NISHAT (CHUNIAN) LTD-EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND TRUST P19,896         0.2504           2 1,022,238         0.2783           NIT & ICP         3 4,376         0.0012           Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Instituations:         25 45,004,445         12.2512           Modarabas and Mutual Funds         11 5,072,026         1.3807           Insurance Companies         8 6,143,201         1.6723           General Public Local: Foreign:         10 198,364         0.0540           Foreign:         10 198,364         0.0540           262,102,827         71.3502           Others         181 47,936,921         13.0495           Total         11198 367,346,939         100.0000           Shareholder Kolding 5% or more voting rights:           Name of Shareholder MR. SHAHZAD SALEEM         Shares Held 64,811,981         Percentage 64,811,981         17.6433			,	
2 TRUSTEE-NISHAT (CHUNIAN) LTD-EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND TRUST         919,896         0.2504           2 1,022,238         0.2783           NIT & ICP         3 4,376         0.0012           Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking           Financial Instituations:         25 45,004,445         12.2512           Modarabas and Mutual Funds         11 5,072,026         1.3807           Insurance Companies         8 6,143,201         1.6723           General Public         10951         261,904,463         71.2962           Foreign:         10 198,364         0.0540           262,102,827         71.3502           Others         181 47,936,921         13.0495           Total         11198         367,346,939         100.0000           Shareholder MR. SHAHZAD SALEEM         Shares Held 64,811,981         Percentage 64,811,981         17.6433	Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties:			
NIT & ICP   3   4,376   0.0012	1 TRUSTEES NISHAT CHUNIAN POWER LTD. EMP. PRVDNT	. FUND TRUST	102,342	0.0279
NIT & ICP       3 4,376 0.0012         Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Instituations:       25 45,004,445 12.2512         Modarabas and Mutual Funds       11 5,072,026 1.3807         Insurance Companies       8 6,143,201 1.6723         General Public Local:	2 TRUSTEE-NISHAT (CHUNIAN) LTD-EMPLOYEES PROVIDE	NT FUND TRUST	919,896	0.2504
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking         Financial Instituations:       25       45,004,445       12.2512         Modarabas and Mutual Funds       11       5,072,026       1.3807         Insurance Companies       8       6,143,201       1.6723         General Public       Local:       10951       261,904,463       71.2962         Foreign:       10       198,364       0.0540         262,102,827       71.3502         Others       181       47,936,921       13.0495         Total       11198       367,346,939       100.0000         Shareholder Holding 5% or more voting rights:         Name of Shareholder       Shares Held 64,811,981       Percentage 64,811,981       17.6433		2	1,022,238	0.2783
Financial Instituations:         25         45,004,445         12.2512           Modarabas and Mutual Funds         11         5,072,026         1.3807           Insurance Companies         8         6,143,201         1.6723           General Public         100,004,463         71.2962           Foreign:         10         198,364         0.0540           262,102,827         71.3502           Others         181         47,936,921         13.0495           Total         11198         367,346,939         100.0000           Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:         Shares Held         Percentage           MR. SHAHZAD SALEEM         64,811,981         17.6433	NIT & ICP	3	4,376	0.0012
Financial Instituations:         25         45,004,445         12.2512           Modarabas and Mutual Funds         11         5,072,026         1.3807           Insurance Companies         8         6,143,201         1.6723           General Public         100,004,463         71.2962           Foreign:         10         198,364         0.0540           262,102,827         71.3502           Others         181         47,936,921         13.0495           Total         11198         367,346,939         100.0000           Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:         Shares Held         Percentage           MR. SHAHZAD SALEEM         64,811,981         17.6433	Banks Development Financial Institutions. Non Banking			
Insurance Companies   8   6,143,201   1.6723		25	45,004,445	12.2512
General Public           Local:         10951         261,904,463         71.2962           Foreign:         10         198,364         0.0540           262,102,827         71.3502           Others         181         47,936,921         13.0495           Total         11198         367,346,939         100.0000           Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:           Name of Shareholder         Shares Held         Percentage           MR. SHAHZAD SALEEM         64,811,981         17.6433	Modarabas and Mutual Funds	11	5,072,026	1.3807
Local:       10951       261,904,463       71.2962         Foreign:       10       198,364       0.0540         262,102,827       71.3502         Others       181       47,936,921       13.0495         Total       11198       367,346,939       100.0000         Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:         Name of Shareholder       Shares Held       Percentage         MR. SHAHZAD SALEEM       64,811,981       17.6433	Insurance Companies	8	6,143,201	1.6723
Foreign:         10         198,364 0.0540 262,102,827         71.3502           Others         181         47,936,921 13.0495           Total         11198 367,346,939 100.0000           Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:         Shares Held 64,811,981 17.6433         Percentage 64,811,981 17.6433	General Public			
Others         181         47,936,921         13.0495           Total         11198         367,346,939         100.0000           Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:         Shares Held 64,811,981         Percentage Percentage 64,811,981         17.6433	Local:	10951	261,904,463	71.2962
Others         181         47,936,921         13.0495           Total         11198         367,346,939         100.0000           Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:           Name of Shareholder         Shares Held 64,811,981         Percentage Percenta	Foreign:	10	198,364	0.0540
Total 11198 367,346,939 100.0000  Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:  Name of Shareholder MR. SHAHZAD SALEEM Shareholder 64,811,981 17.6433			262,102,827	71.3502
Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:  Name of Shareholder MR. SHAHZAD SALEEM  Shares Held 64,811,981  17.6433	Others	181	47,936,921	13.0495
Name of ShareholderShares HeldPercentageMR. SHAHZAD SALEEM64,811,98117.6433	Total	11198	367,346,939	100.0000
Name of ShareholderShares HeldPercentageMR. SHAHZAD SALEEM64,811,98117.6433	Shareholders Holding 5% or more voting rights:			
MR. SHAHZAD SALEEM 64,811,981 17.6433	Change of the same			
MR. SHAHZAD SALEEM 64,811,981 17.6433	Name of Shareholder		Shares Held	Percentage
				_

### PROXY FORM

The Company Secretary, Nishat Chunian Power Limited 31-Q Gulberg II, Lahore.

being a members(s) of Nishat Chunian Power Limited, and a ho	older of
	(in case of Central
Ordinary shares as per Share Register Folio No.	
Depository System Account Holder A/C No.	
hereby appoint of	
per Share Register Folio No(o	or failing him/her
of another member of the Company a	as my /our Proxy to attend and vote for
me / us and on my / our behalf at Annual General Meeting of th	ne Company, to be held September 25,
2023 (Monday) at 10.00 a.m. at the Registered Office of the Cor	mpany (31-Q, Gulberg II, Lahore) and at
any adjournment thereof.	
As witness my hand this day of in presence of	
	Affix Rs. 5/- Revenue Stamp
Witness Signature Signature	

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Proxies, in order to be effective, must be received at the company's Registered Office / Head office not less than 48 hours before the meeting duly stamped, singed and witnessed.
- 2. Signature must agree with the specimen signature registered with the Company.



## پراکسی فارم (مختارنامه)

سمپنی سیرٹری،

نشاط چونیاں پاورلمیٹڈ

				Q-31، گلبرگ ۱۱، لا هور
				ييس انهم
				ساكن
(بصورت سنٹرل ڈیپازٹری سٹم اکاؤنٹ	_ عام خصص بمطابق فولیونمبر		بیٹڈ،اور ما لک	بحثیت رکن نشاط چو نیاں یا ورلم
	بذريعه مذامحترم المحترم			
	يگررکن بمطابق شيئر رجسْر فوليونمبر	کمپنی کاد		ساكن
~				ياسكى غيرموجودگى ميں
	٤	تتمبر 2023ء بروز سوموار ، صلح 10	مورخه 25	جو <b>ند</b> کوره کمپنی کاحصص دار
				کواپنے/ہمارےایماءیر:
			،لا ہور میں	رجىٹر ڈو <b>فتر</b> : Q-31 گلبرگ
ارابطور مختار (پراکسی)مقرر کرتا ہوں ا کرتے ہیں۔	نے ماکسی بھی التواء کی صورت میں اینا <i>ا</i> ہ	د ہی استعال کرنے ،تقریراورشر کت کر۔	ں عام میں حق رائے	منعقد ہونے والےسالا نہاجلا ً
	یں۔ کومیرے/ہمارے دستخط اور گواہوں کی تھ			
پانچ روپ کی ریو نیوسٹمپ				
چسپاں کریں				
	رستخط:		وستخط:	گوا ہان

1۔ پراکسیاں تآ نکہ موثر ہوسکیں، ببا قاعدہ مہر، دستخط اور گواہی شدہ کمپنی کے رجسڑ ڈ دفتر اصدر دفتر میں اجلاس منعقد ہونے سے کم از کم 48 (اڑتالیس) گھنٹے تبل لاز ماوصول ہوجانی جاہئیں۔

2۔ دستخط لازماً تمپنی کے ہاں رجسٹر ڈنمونہ دستخطوں کےمطابق ہونے جا ہئیں۔

# CONSENT FORM FOR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION OF ANNUAL REPORT AND NOTICE OF AGM

M/s HAMEED MAJEED ASSOCIATES (PVT) LIMITED H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, The Mall, Lahore

Subject:	CONSENT	FORM FOF	RELECTRON	IIC TRANSN	AISSION OI	- ANNUAL	REPORT	and I	NOTICE
OF AGM									

Dear Sirs,

I/we, being the shareholder(s) of Nishat Chunian Power Limited ("Company"), do hereby consent and authorize the Company for electronic transmission of the Audited Annual Financial Statements of the Company along with Notice of Annual General Meeting via the Email provided herein below and further undertake to promptly notify the Company of any change in my Email address.

I understand that the transmission of Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company along with Notice of Annual General Meeting via the Email shall meet the requirements as mentioned under the provisions of Companies Act, 2017.

Name of Shareholder(s):	
Fathers / Husband Name:	
CNIC:	
NTN:	
Fathers / Husband Name:	
E-mail Address:	
Telephone:	
Mailing Address:	

Date:		
Dale.		

Signature: (In case of corporate shareholdres the authorized signatory must sign)



## STANDARD REQUEST FORM FOR HARD COPIES OF ANNUAL AUDITED ACCOUNTS

1. Name of Member:
2. CNIC/Passport Number:
3. Participant ID / Folio No / Sub A/C:
Registered Address:

I/We hereby request you to provide me/us a hard copy of the Annual Report of Nishat Chunian Power Limited for the year ended June 30, 2023 at my above-mentioned registered address instead of CD/DVD/USB. I undertake to intimate any change in the above information through revised Standard Request Form.

#### Note:

This Standard Request Form may be sent at either of the following addresses of the Company Secretary or Independent Share Registrar of the Company:

Company Secretary,
NISHAT GHUNIAN POWER LIMITED
31-Q, Gulber II, Lahore
Email: tasawar@nishat.net

Chief Executive,
M/s HAMEED MAJEED ASSOCIATES (PVT) LIMITED
H.M. House, 7-Bank Square,
The Mall, Lahore

In case a member prefers to receive hard copies for all the future annual audited accounts, then such preference shall be communicated to the company in writing.

# E-DIVIDEND FORM (DIVIDEND PAYMENT THROUGH ELECTRONIC MODE)

The Company Secretary/Share Re	egistrar,
I/We,	, holding CNIC No, being the registered
shareholder of the company under f provisions of Section 242 of the 0	olio no, state that pursuant the relevant Companies Act, 2017 pertaining to divident payments by listed information relating to my Bank Account for receipt of current and
future cash dividends through election	ronic mode directly into my bank account are true and correct and
•	in the above-mentioned information to the company and the
concerned Share Registrar as soon	as the occur through revised E-Dividend Form.
Title of Bank Account	
Bank Account Number	
IBAN Numbe	
Bank's Name	
Branch Name and Address	
Cell Number of Shareholder	
Landline number of Shareholder	
Email of Shareholder	
<b>3</b> ,	by also undertake that I shall update the above information of my tory System through respective participant.
Date:	Member's Signature

Note:

This Standard Request Form may be sent at either of the following adresses of the Company Secretary or Independent Share Registrar of the Company:

Company Secretary NISHAT CHUNIAN POWER LIMITED 31-Q, Gulberg II, Lahore. Email: tasawar@nishat.net Chief Executive, M/S HAMEED MAJEED AOSSCIATE (PVT) LIMITED H.M. House, 7-Bank square, The Mall, Lahore.



### FORM FOR VIDEO CONFERENCE FACILITY

### The Company Secretary/Share Registrar,

I/We,	, of	, being the reg	gistered shareholder(s)
of the company under Folio	No.(s)	/ CDC Participant ID	No and Sub
Account No CDC	Investor Account ID No.,	and holder of	Ordinary Shares,
hereby request for video co	onference facility at	for the Annual (	General Meeting of the
Company to be held on Se	otember 25, 2023.		
Date:		Member's	Signaturo
Date.	_	Welliber 5	Signature
Note:	m may be east at aither a	f the following adresses of the	ao Company Sooratan
or Independent Share Regi	-	The following adresses of the	ie Company Secretary
Company Secretary	LIMITED		
NISHAT CHUNIAN POWEF 31-Q, Gulberg II, Lahore.	LIMITED		
Email: tasawar@nishat.net			
Chief Executive,			
M/S HAMEED MAJEED AC	SSCIATE (PVT) LIMITED		
H.M. House, 7-Bank squar	э,		

The Mall, Lahore.





31-Q, Gulberg II, Lahore 54660, Pakistan Tel: +92 42 3576 1730, Fax: +92 42 3587 8696

Email: info@nishat.net

www.nishat.net

www.facebook.com/NishatChunianGroup